The Centre Reporter.

VOL. LXXIV. CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, MARCH 28, 1901. NO. 12.

THE ABOLITION OF THE PARTY CIRCLE on the official ballot, a mark in which votes the whole party ticket, is the essence of ballot reform in this State so far as it can be accomplished by legislation. Personal registration and the abolition of the tax qualification are also necessities of thorough ballot reform, but can be accomplished only by constitutional amendment, and a remedy of that kind is under way. The case as to ballot reform by this Legislature is well stated in a memorial to the Legislature from the Ballot Reform association. What is demanded, it says, is—

That upon every official ballot the list of candidates for each office shall be placed together in alphabetical order under the title of the office and with no distinguishing marks but the names of the political parties.

That each voter shall make a separate mark or other indication of his wish for each candidate for whom he votes, and that there shall be no voting by groups or columns except in the case of presidential electors.

The objection to the party column is not that it makes it easy to vote a straight party ticket, but that it provides two ways for marking the ballot, only one of which can be used, but both of which are attempted at the same time by a good many voters, thus rendering their ballot void. The experience of the past has shown that fully 15 per cent of the ballots are thrown out because citizens have marked in the party circle and then marked individual names on the tickets of other parties.

Speaker Marshall and Chairman Orr, of the committee in charge of the ballot bills, have made public declaration that the circle must not be abolished. The speaker says: "The circle is desired by three-fifths of the the voters of Pennsylvania. They want it. There is no reason why the will of three-fifths should be made to suit the convenience of two-fifths." This is a reckless and unfounded statement. How does the speaker arrive at his fractions, three-fifths one way and two-fifths the other? It is nothing but partisan guess work, the guess being to fit party needs or advantages. At the election last fall and in the preliminary canvass the stalwart Republicans, the Insurgent Republicans the Democrats and the Prohibitionists, polling nearly 1,200,000 votes, declared themselves for ballot reform. The demand was therefore backed by a unanimous vote. What was understood by ballot reform? Speaker Marshall knows as well as anybody else that it meant the abolition of the party circle on the official ballot. Yet he has the audacity to declare that three-fifths of the people of the State are opposed to it. The record shows that the people with wonderful unanimity were for it. All parties indorsed it—no political leader declared against it.

THAT WAS A QUEER DECISION of Speaker Marshall in the House of Representatives, the question being on the fraudulent makeup of the roll on the passage of bills. It has been charged and the fact established that the clerks recorded as voting members who were far distant from the capital. The speaker decides that the question of the legality of such a vote can be raised only by the member in whose name the illegal voting was done. On the contrary, it is a question that concerns not only every member but every citizen.

Marriage Licenses.

Reuben Alexander and Maude C. Slvisher, Julian.

R. Keller and Mary Closson, Tyrone.

Newton C. Neidigh, Pine Grove Mills, and Bella Borst, Spruce Creek.

Wm. H. Wells, and Jennie C. Mann, Howard.

Samuel O. Coons and Stella Kapp, Benore.

Wm. H. Yost, Lewisburg, Savilla A. Gingerich, Potters Mills.

Hiram K. Fetternoff and Blanche E. Tate, Bellefonte.

Wm. K. Harshberger, Hublersburg, and Anna Kauffman, Zion.

George H. Hazel and Emma C. Wagner, Bellefonte.

Bought Barber Shop.

Frank P. Geary, of Millheim, bought the barber shop in this place from Jerry Miller and will take charge of the same Monday, April 1st. Mr. Geary is skilled in the art, and is a young man of excellent character, and cannot fail to do well in Centre Hall.

Creasy's Bill.

A revenue bill which allows the counties to retain about $3,000,000 annually of the taxes now collected by them for the State, was prepared by the comittee, and was introduced in the house by Mr. Creasy, of Columbia county. He presented at the same time a petition from the State Grange urging the legislature to enact a law to make up the revenue which it is proposed to divert from the state treasury by taxing such subjects which the Grangers claim, do not now bear their equitable share of state taxation.

Senator Heinle has introduced a bill in the senate authorizing the abandonment by turnpike road or highway companies of such portion of their turnpike roads or highways as are separated as to ownership or possession from the longest continuous portion thereof remaining in the possession or ownership of such companies, after the appropriation or condemnation to public use of an intermediate portion thereof.

Legislative appropriations to schools, hospitals and other institutions which expect aid from the State are to be cut to the lowest limit. The excuse given is that a large sum of money is needed to complete the State Capitol.

Senator Focht, of Union county, has introduced a bill in the Senate providing for the erection of and maintaining eel baskets and eel wier in streams between April 15 and November 15.

PENNSYLVANIANS IN ILLINOIS.

A Correspondent Writes Up Centre County People Living in Illinois.

There are many Pennsylvanians in Stephenson county, Illinois, and since the Reporter requested a further account of Centre county people living in that section, the following is a partial answer:

We have with us in Orangeville, two brothers, natives of Pine Grove Mills—W. J. and Jacob Musser. The Mussers are carpenters by trade, and are industrious and first-class mechanics. They are not only prospering, but are good citizens, the heads of fine families, and respected by all who know them.

Mrs. Benage is a native of Spring Mills, and is a daughter of Solt Evans, who died in 1850. She was first married to the late Capt. John Musser, who gave his life in defense of the Union flag. She is highly respected. Her husband is well-to-do, and is a good citizen.

James Miller, whose native home is Millheim, and a son of Capt. John Miller, who crossed the plains to California in 1849, lives three miles east of Orangeville. He has a good farm with fine improvements. John, as he is familiarly called, is a well preserved man. He enjoys society, is a good citizen and respected wherever known.

George Easton, is another of our thorough business men, who is deserving of notice. He is chief clerk in a large general store, owns a fine home in town, is generally prosperous, and a good citizen. He is a man who would be greatly missed if he would leave the place.

Mrs. Henry Bolander and Mrs. E. Musser, daughters of John A. Confer, are Centre countians and live in Orangeville. They are held in the highest esteem by all who know them, and are comfortably situated.

The Buzz Saw.

Clare Stamm got his fingers into a buzz saw at the Linden Hall saw mill on Monday and had several of them badly lacerated. The unfortunate young man was at once driven to the office of Dr. Kidder at Boalsburg, where the wound was dressed.

The postoffice department announces that after April 1 the United States domestic rates of postage and classification shall apply to all mail passing between the United States and Cuba.

D. H. ROTE, ESQ., DEAD.

A Prominent Aaronsburg Citizen Passed Away Monday Evening.

D. H. Rote, Esq., of Aaronsburg, died Monday evening after an illness of some duration. His age was over fifty-nine years, having been born March 12, 1842. The funeral took place this, Thursday forenoon. The services were conducted by his pastor, Rev. F. W. Brown.

'Squire Rote, on account of physical disability was unable to attend public school during his early days, but through the instructions of his mother he began teaching school at the age of fifteen years. Afterward he learned the jewelry trade, and in 1862 became a type setter in the Reporter office, which was then published in Aaronsburg. Later on he opened a jewelry shop in Aaronsburg, and continued in the business until his death.

His brave and successful struggle with an adverse fate has won him the esteem and admiration of all who knew him and given him a host of warm friends. In politics he was a Republican, and from 1884 to 1894 he served as Justice of the Peace.

In 1869 he was married in Aaronsburg to Miss Susan Cronmiller, a native of that town and a daughter of Thos. Cronmiller, a well-known citizen. They have an adopted daughter, Mamie. Mrs. Rote is an active member of the Reformed church and has taken a generous interest in many lines of philanthropic work.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Those who can are moving to-day, Thursday.

Reitz Bros. expect to open a meat market in Boalsburg.

Sidney Miller, who worked for J. Q. A. Kennedy last year has moved to the Benner farm.

Mrs. Benner is having some repairs made to the house now occupied by Dr. W. E. Park.

Samuel Boob will move from the Hoffer farm this week to the farm of Mrs. Virginia Curtin, in Bald Eagle Valley, near Roland.

Jerry Stump, who will move from Church to Main Street today, Thursday, will do the farming for S. W. Smith during the coming year.

Miss Janet Bryson, a member of the Senior class of the Lock Haven Normal, visited her brother, Prof. J. C. Bryson, principal of the Boalsburg public schools, at that place last week.

George Reish has given up going to farming on the Benner farm this spring, on account of the continued ill health of Mrs. Reish, and will move into the Logan house owned by Mrs. Sparr.

Frank Shutt has moved from the Old Fort to the house he bought from B. D. Brisbin last fall, on Hoffer street and has his smith shop fitted up for doing all kinds of work in the line of blacksmithing.

Jolly Joe Winters, New Berlin, was a candidate for Associate Judge in Union county before the Republican primaries Saturday of last week, and fell short just 104 votes of becoming the regular nominee.

Wm. Brooks, living on the Leech farm near Linden Hall, had the misfortune to fall from a wagon Wednesday while assisting in moving the household goods of Mrs. Showers to Pleasant Gap. The fall resulted in a dislocated shoulder blade, which Dr. W. E. Park adjusted.

If you want to see a Potter township young man who is making things boom in Philadelphia, call around at the South east corner of Second and Vine streets, where John Glasgow is conducting a well equipped and regulated saloon. Mr. Glasgow erected a splendid three-story building on the corner mentioned, and besides being successful in the saloon business, he is "one of them," having been elected a councilman.

G. Bruce Goodhart writes from Freeport, Illinois, that he has received employment with a breeder of Poland China hogs, and is receiving $25.00 per month. His employer Henry Schmertman, sold fifty hogs that averaged in price $39.75. Mr. Goodhart is delighted with his western location and speaks well of his employer. The other young men who went west at the same time have not been heard from up to this time.

Messrs. James Dubbs and Hugh Calahan, were callers Saturday, Mr. Dubbs is the young man who was unfortunate enough some time ago to have his face badly cut by a flying piece of stave. These young men are at present working on the McNitt stave mill north of Linden Hall, and relate that the workmen had an exciting time at the mill last week one day when a temporary wooden flue, calculated to carry away the smoke from the refuse pile, took fire. By prompt action a conflagration was averted.

DEATHS.

Prominent Citizens of Centre County Called to Rest

MRS. JANE DEWEES.

Mrs. Jane Dewees died at her home in Milesburg Saturday evening. She was walking in the garden at her home when she suddenly dropped over and in a few minutes was dead. Death was due to the infirmities of old age.

MRS. MARY GRIFFITH.

Mrs. Mary Griffith died at her home at Axe Mann Monday of this week. Her age was over eighty-six years. She is survived by two sons, James Waddle, of Lock Haven, and Harvey Griffith, of Axe Mann. Deceased was a granddaughter of General Philip Benner, who was connected with the early history of this county.

MRS. JAMES DUCK.

Mrs. James Duck died at her home in Sugar Valley Sunday morning after a lingering illness from consumption, aged twenty-seven years. She is survived by her husband and two children. The funeral took place Tuesday afternoon, services in the Evangelical church at Loganton; interment in Loganton cemetery.

MATTHIAS STRAYER.

Matthias Strayer died from the effects of apoplexy Wednesday at his home one mile south of Rebersburg. His age was eighty-two years, and he was highly respected by all who knew him. The deceased was a bachelor, and together with Rev. Eusebius Hershey and wife lived for many years where the death of this subject occurred, the reverend and his wife having died first. One brother survives.

MRS. JAMES LEITZELL.

Mrs. Leitzell, wife of John Leitzell, of Lewisburg, died at her home in that place Monday morning, and will be buried at the Green Grove Evangelical church to-day, Thursday. The deceased was the daughter of Michael Fiedler, deceased, of Green Grove. She leaves a husband and three children to mourn her loss—one son and two daughters. Her husband is a son of Samuel Leitzell, of Jersey Shore, and is employed as hostler at the round house.

MRS. NANCY BRUNGART.

Mrs. Nancy Brungart, widow of Jacob Brungart, who died many years ago, died at her home four miles east of Rebersburg Tuesday of last week, and buried Friday. Rev. Hermon, pastor of the Lutheran church of which the deceased was a member, officiated. Her age was seventy-nine years. Two sons survive, Charles, a prominent citizen of Miles township, and John, of Bethlehem, Lehigh county, a carpenter. The deceased's maiden name was Goss.

MRS. CATHARINE BIERLY.

Mrs. Catharine Bierly died at the home of her son, Charles Bierly, at Rebersburg, Tuesday morning of last week, at the age of eighty-nine years, five months and eighteen days. Two weeks previous to her death she was stricken with paralysis which left her in a helpless condition. She never rallied but gradually grew weaker, until death occurred at the time stated. The deceased was the widow of Melchoir Bierly, who died in January, 1895, and is survived by two children, Charles, with whom she made her home, and Mrs. Jane Brungart, of Salona. The funeral took place last Friday afternoon, from her late residence; the services were conducted by Rev. Harmon, of the Lutheran church.

SPEER HETTINGER.

Speer Hettinger died at his home near Egg Hill, Tuesday morning at five o'clock, after a short illness from kidney trouble. The deceased was born July 24, 1846, and August 5, 1870, he was married to Miss Bella, daughter of Robert Lee, deceased. A family of eight children and a widow are left to mourn his departure. The children are, John, Farmers Mills; Mary, Harrisburg; George, Centre Hall; and Elmer, Harry, Mabel, Lottie and Ida, at home. The services will take place Friday forenoon at nine o'clock at the house. Interment at the Cross Church, where further services will be held by Rev. J. M. Rearick, pastor of the deceased.

Business Notice.

I desire at this time to thank my patrons for their cordial business dealings at my store in the past ten years, and will say that by inquiring at my house all unsettled accounts and balances can be referred to after April first, when I expect to leave for Ohio.

The store room will be filled with goods, and business continued by a new firm, for whom I request the same cordial support and who can assure you very satisfactory results.

Very Respectfully,

G. H. LONG.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Rev. J. M. Rearick Monday morning went to Snyder county.

The shoe factory at Middleburg was closed by the sheriff last week.

Davis Evans, of Potters Mills, who has been seriously ill, is improving.

Feathers, 35, 65, and best grade at 75 cents a pound, at Swartz's, Tusseyville.

Prof. James Gregg, of Milesburg, spent Saturday with friends in Centre Hall.

Miss Sara Wieland, of Osceola Mills, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. D. C. Hess, at Linden Hall.

Mr. J. Barger is located at Beech, Centre county, instead of Milroy, where he had been living.

The rain of Tuesday interfered seriously with a number of people who were moving on that day.

Mrs. D. W. Geiss, of Bellefonte, spent Monday at the home of her father, Mr. George Goodhart, at Centre Hill.

The carpenters are at work repairing the damage done to Mrs. Keller's building during the fire at Linden Hall.

Mrs. Irvin Gettig, of Bellefonte, was the guest of her mother, Mrs. Mary McClenahan, at this place Saturday.

The Centre County Medical Society adopted a fee bill at its last meeting, which went into effect on the 18th of March.

I. V. Royer, law student at Bellefonte, spent Saturday and Sunday with his father, C. E. Royer, at Spring Mills.

Dr. J. A. Swartz died at Harrisburg at the age of seventy-six years. Dr. Swartz for many years practiced in Mifflin county, being located at McVeytown.

Mrs. James Duck, of Sugar Valley, died Sunday at 9 30 a. m. of consumption after a lingering illness. She was 27 years old. Her husband and two children survive.

Daniel Hess, Esq., of Linden Hall, expects to have his house in that place remodeled throughout. New ceilings will be placed, and many other improvements made.

Messrs. James Alexander and son Abner and Elmer Royer last week began hauling stone for the new house Mr. Alexander purposes building during the coming summer.

Work was resumed last week at the Mann Edge Tool Works, in Mifflin county, after an idleness of three weeks. A compromise was effected between the workmen and the management.

George M. Hall, one of Huntingdon's young business men, is visiting his friend, Miss Freda Hess, at Linden Hall, before leaving for Pittsburg, where he expects to take charge of a large wholesale store.

The Treasury department gives notice that all documentary and proprietary revenue stamps in the hands of purchasers on and after July 1 will be redeemed by the collector of internal revenue from whom they were purchased.

Read the advertisement of J. S. Dauberman, furniture dealer and undertaker, in this place. Mr. Dauberman will be able to furnish you all kinds of goods in his line and at prices that will be an inducement to purchase from him.

Harry Fishburn, of Potters Mills, was in town on business one day last week. Mr. Fishburn learned the blacksmith trade with M. L. Emerick some years ago, and lately located at Potters Mills, where he is building up a good trade.

"Walks and Talks with Tolstoy," an illustrated article by Andrew D. White, Ambassador to Germany, in McClure's Magazine for April, affords a vivid picture of the Russian genius' character and personality.

Messrs. David Glasgow, of near Tusseyville, and Lloyd Brown, of near Linden Hall, were callers at this office Tuesday. Both gentlemen are preparing for the approaching busy season on the farm, and were in Centre Hall to look after affairs in that connection.

J. W. Wolf, grocer and provisioner at Ardmore, Pa arrived at this place Tuesday morning and at once began packing goods and preparing for the sale Saturday of this week. The family will leave Centre Hall beginning of next week for their new home at Ardmore, eight miles from Broad Street Station along the Pennsylvania railroad and on the Lancaster pike.

Mrs. Eugene Shadle and little son, of Williamsport, spent the past week at the home of Station agent F. W. Bradford. Mrs. Shadle has just returned from Parsons, West Virginia, where her husband is now located and extensively engaged in the lumber business. He is now erecting a saw mill and tram road on his lumber job. Mrs. Shadle left this week for Williamsport and as soon as arrangements can be made they will remove to Parsons.

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

Mrs. D. F. Luse Friday afternoon went to Coburn.

Miss Virna Geiss is recovering from a severe attack of grip.

Pittsburg will drop the vertical writing system in the public schools.

Jacob Lee moved on Tuesday to the Sparr farm near Linden Hall, formerly occupied by David Bohn.

Henry Moyer, of Colyer, spent several days at the home of his sister, Mrs. Mary Smith, at Spring Mills.

Miss Martha Tressler, of Tyrone, is spending a few weeks with her sister, Mrs. Robert McClellan, at Linden Hall.

Rev. A. B. Collins, of the Lewisburg Presbyterian church, has resigned as pastor because of ill health.

These spring rains seem to have a very desirable effect on everything that grows, including the subscription list of the Reporter.

W. H. Kuhn, of Jersey Shore, father of Mrs. S. W. Smith, arrived at Centre Hall Friday evening, and remained over Sunday.

W. A. Curray will move from this place to Potters Mills on Thursday, and will become tenant on one of the Allison farms.

Peter Shires, for the past week had charge of the Coburn House, at Coburn, during the illness of the landlord, Simon King.

Miss Mabel Boal will retire as assistant postmistress as soon as her successor, W. D. Shoop, gets acquainted with the business of the office.

Farm operations have already begun in Union county. Last week farmers could be observed plowing in various sections of that county.

Miss Blanche Rossman, of Tusseyville, daughter, of M. F. Rossman, Tuesday returned from a visit to Millheim among friends.

Aaron N. Runkle, son of ex-Associate Judge Runkle, deceased, of Potter township, is connected with a large general store at Santa Anna, Cal.

Robert McClellan will rebuild the barn which was destroyed by fire at Linden Hall recently. He expects to begin work on the structure at once.

Mrs. B. F. Arney went to Rebersburg last Thursday, and the following day attended the funeral of her aged aunt, Mrs. Catharine Bierly, at that place.

Rev. J. M. Runkle, of Williamsport, passed through Centre Hall Thursday on his way to see his mother at Spring Mills. He was accompanied by his little daughter.

Messrs. Philip and John Durst, of near Centre Hall, Saturday attended a public sale near Gle[illegible] on the farm which the latt[illegible]upy after April first.

W. D. Sh[illegible]lected assistant po[illegible] Hall post office. [illegible]rov- en himse[illegible]ial and his c[illegible]ging and[illegible]

Peter G[illegible] known p[illegible] at his ho[illegible] The inve[illegible] model f[illegible] just pr[illegible]

A Geri[illegible] marriage is co[illegible] sibly the docto[illegible] of thinking th[illegible] live longer mer[illegible] them that they [illegible]

Tuesday Charles W[illegible] ly removed from the [illegible] er-in-law, Capt. Geo. [illegible] Centre Hall, and nov[illegible] the Dinges house in [illegible] ard Brooks, of Pleas[illegible] the farm vacated by [illegible]

Prof. L. F. Lyba[illegible] burg, politician [illegible] stopped in Philadel[illegible] Saturday night [illegible] writer at the Bin[illegible] Prof. Lybarger w[illegible] New Jersey where [illegible] ment to speak.

Miss Luella Il[illegible] Ilgen, principal o[illegible] High School, acc[illegible] brother, visited [illegible] Miss Ilgen is a [illegible] Haven Normal, [illegible] complied with th[illegible] posed by that insti[illegible] take a college course.

Frank Shaffer, of[illegible] passed through Centre [illegible] ular spring tour of Centr[illegible] nia in the interest of the [illegible] chant tailoring establishm[illegible] at 1303 Arch Street. The S[illegible] formerly of State College, w[illegible] conducted a similar business [illegible] tensive scale. At their pres[illegible] tion they are enjoying an e[illegible] trade.

TORNADO DEALS HAVOC IN SECTIONS OF THE SOUTH.

PEOPLE KILLED AND INJURED IN BIRMINGHAM---HOUSES WERE CRUSHED TO EARTH WITHOUT WARNING---DEATH LIST WILL BE A LARGE ONE.

A Path of Destruction One Hundred and Fifty Feet Wide Through the Southern Section of Birmingham---Unusual Sultry Weather for This Season of the Year Precedes the Storm---The Killed Number Twenty-five and the Injured About Forty ---Great Trees Torn Up by the Roots and Stones Twisted Out of the Ground---Other Towns Damaged --- Havoc by Wind and Floods.

Birmingham, Ala. (Special).—A tornado that for intensity and the havoc wrought surpassed anything in the history of Birmingham visited the city Monday morning. Not only Birmingham, but every town within a radius of 20 miles east and west suffered.

About 25 persons are believed to have been killed. Many others were seriously, if not fatally, injured. Eight of the known dead are white. The property loss is estimated to be a quarter of a million dollars.

Jesse E. Watkins, a negro, was caught stealing in the ruins in the afternoon and was promptly sent to eternity by one of a number of men standing by.

The tornado struck the city in the southwestern corner and plowed its way eastward, leaving a path 150 feet wide through the southern section, extending from Green Springs on the west to Avondale on the east, continuing its course until its fury was spent in the mountains beyond Irondale, a small town six miles east of the city.

All the houses on the north of the path were left unhurt and all those to the south were demolished. In a number of instances the inmates of a home were left standing in the debris of the home unhurt, while the rafters and parts of the house were blown a hundred yards away.

The property loss in Birmingham alone is in the neighborhood of $200,000. Two hundred homes in this city are without roofs.

The morning dawned cloudy and sultry and grew more threatening as the day advanced. Clouds began to gather and shortly after 9 o'clock sharp lightning flashed from the southwest. The air became very heavy and stifling. The velocity of the wind suddenly began to increase and from the overcast sky a funnel-shaped cloud made its descent. Hugging close to the earth, it passed through the city in leaps and bounds with terrific force and was away to the east before the people fully realized what had happened.

The altitude of the cloud was not more than 75 feet. The negro shanties and cottages in the lowlands in the path of the storm were the principal sufferers. The larger residences on the higher ground suffered only slightly. Large trees on the hills at the St. Vincent Hospital were torn up by the roots and large stones were twisted out of the ground.

From Eighth to Tenth street the tornado bounded like a rubber ball, and when it again descended it struck a two-story house occupied by Joseph Bushenheler and almost razed it to the ground. The 11-year-old daughter of John Krunzey, a rolling mill man, was caught under the debris and severely injured.

Continuing in an eastward direction, the storm swept everything in its path of 75 yards width until it passed beyond the city limits, and struck the Lake View Hill, about Thirty-fourth street. There were no houses of any description in its path after it had passed the city limits, and consequently there was no damage until it reached Avondale.

On Faggot's Hill, just south of Avondale, a number of persons were seriously injured and many houses badly damaged.

Onward the tornado swept, and at Irondale again repeated its work of destruction. Houses and fences were leveled to the ground and up to this writing several bodies have been recovered.

Bessemer, Pratt City, Ensley, North Birmingham and other suburban towns were visited by the storm, and in each of these places much destruction was wrought, but no loss of life is reported. Many houses were demolished at Pratt City, including a number of churches.

At Powderly there was also much damage and destruction and at Cleveland Mrs. George Hatt was struck by lightning and will probably die.

Railroad Train Wrecked.

Columbus, Ga. (Special).—A mixed train was blown off the Central of Georgia Railroad tracks one mile east of Buena Vista, 37 miles from Columbus. The train consisted of an engine and tender, baggage car, two coaches and 12 freight cars, and was going 15 miles an hour when struck by the wind. The engine was lifted from the track, the tender was turned over, the baggage car, two coaches and three freight cars were thrown on their sides. The rest of the train, however, remained on the track. No one was killed.

Advices from Cussera, 30 miles south of the city, state that that place was visited by one of the heaviest wind and rain storms known in years. The Primitive Baptist Church and several chimneys were blown down. Telegraph Operator W. M. English was knocked unconscious by lightning.

Western Town Swept by Winds.

Detroit, Mich. (Special).—A special from Kalamazoo, Mich., says that a tornado struck the town of Pavilion, a small village about 25 miles southeast of Kalamazoo, which wrecked a number of houses, unrooted trees, tore down telegraph poles and did much other damage. One woman who was ill in one of the houses blown down is reported fatally hurt and many others injured.

Crawfordsville, Ind. (Special).—A severe windstorm, amounting almost to a tornado and accompanied with electrical disturbances, swept over East Mountain and West Montgomery counties at an early hour Monday morning. The loss amounts to thousands of dollars, barns, fences, trees and wind pumps being blown down.

BOERS FIGHTING AS HARD AS EVER.

They Wreck a Supply Train and Burn Bloody River Bridge.

Standerton, Transvaal (By Cable.)—Four hundred Boers, under the Boer Commander Buys, have wrecked a supply train north of Vlaklaagte. They overpowered the escort and carried off several wagonloads of provisions. A convoy, de[illegible]d to join General French's column, h[illegible] attacked between Blood River a[illegible] Nek, Transvaal Colony. [illegible]d one man killed and th[illegible] bridge at Blood Rive[illegible]

L[illegible] The Colonial Sec[illegible]ain, in the H[illegible]g to a questi[illegible]n had been [illegible]any of the [illegible]l Kitchen[illegible]o counter[illegible]n in the [illegible]eastside of [illegible]as con[illegible]rom Gen[illegible] Botha had [illegible]l Milner.

[illegible]al Meeting Held [illegible]on.

[illegible].—The Wash[illegible] of the American [illegible]eld here in the [illegible]orial Church. The [illegible]wift, field secretary of [illegible]ented a brief report of [illegible]rk, and General O. O. [illegible]nt of the society, de[illegible]t address, setting forth [illegible]eds of the society. The [illegible] said that the society [illegible]ween 13,000,000 and [illegible] publications at home [illegible]n field. During fifty-[illegible]portage over 15,000,000 [illegible]e been made, while [illegible]of Christian reading [illegible]heir homes. The so[illegible] to publish the Gos[illegible]nguages or dialects.

[illegible]rself to Death.

[illegible]enn. (Special).—Miss [illegible] well-known young [illegible]mmunity, committed [illegible]saturated her clothing [illegible]et fire to it. She had [illegible]sed over the loss of [illegible]er in a school here [illegible] made two attempts

[illegible]d Familiar Game.

[illegible] N. C. (Special).—Three [illegible]n, Frank Thompson, D. [illegible] Gomez Bono, the latter [illegible] an Indian, were arrested [illegible]ttempting to work the gold [illegible]me on Paul Garrett, of Wel[illegible]rrett notified the officers of [illegible]ence of the men and planned [illegible]ure. He and Thompson were [illegible] to a spot in the woods near [illegible]where Bono had two bricks con[illegible] reputed to be worth $50,000. [illegible]ey, who was to assay the gold, was [illegible]ted at a hotel.

The Korea Launched.

Newport News, Va. (Special).—The Pacific Mail liner Korea, the largest vessel ever built for the American merchant marine service, was launched at the yard of the Newport News Shipbuilding Company here. A crowd of 20,000 people witnessed the launch. Miss Katherine Winthrop Tweed, daughter of the president of the Pacific Mail Company, christened the Korea. The Korea will cost when completed $2,000,000. She is nearly 600 feet long and her depth of hold is equal to the height of a four-story building. Her displacement is 18,600 tons and there is no vessel in the American service that will compare with her.

Threatened a Parent.

Nashville, Tenn. (Special).—"Kidnappers and dynamiters" is the signature to a letter received by Joseph Schneider, of this city. The contents informed Mr. Schneider that unless he placed $300 at a certain spot in Cumberland Park, one of his children would be kidnapped or his house blown up by dynamite. No harm as yet has come to the Schneider home, although the demands were not complied with.

A Church Struck by Lightning.

Grand Rapids, Mich. (Special).—St. Andrew's Roman Catholic Cathedral was destroyed by fire, resulting from a stroke of lightning. The loss is $50,000, with only $20,000 insurance. The large pipe organ, valued at $10,000, was utterly ruined. The spire of the church was struck by lightning about 10.30 P. M., but flames were not discovered until 2.15 A. M., when they were beyond control of the firemen.

Dynamite at Berkeley Springs.

Berkeley Springs, W. Va. (Special).—The fine medicinal springs, set aside over a century ago for the use of the public by Lord Fairfax, was dynamited by unknown persons early Sunday morning. The controversy over the leasing of the springs to outsiders has caused ill-feeling, and the work of the vandals is attributed to this.

Cubans Playing to Grandstand.

Havana (Special).—It has been learned that the Constitutional Convention long since determined to grant the demands made by the United States under the Platt amendment, and that all the show of opposition now being made is grandstand play.

Soldiers Quarrel at Tien Tsin.

Tien Tsin (By Cable).—In an affray here two members of the Welsh Fusilier Regiment and a member of the Victorian contingent, who were acting as policemen, were sabred and bayoneted. It is alleged that Germans were the principal culprits.

A Kentucky Bank Robbed.

Columbus, Ky. (Special).—The Bank of Columbus was robbed early to-day of nearly $10,000, it is stated. The robbers escaped, but four men suspected of the crime have been arrested at Union City, Tenn.

SUMMARY OF THE NEWS.

Domestic.

Joseph A. Conlin, a clerk in a branch of the New York Post Office, who disappeared with a pouch containing $40,000 worth of property, was caught after a long chase and brought back to New York.

A mortgage for $100,000 was burned in the presence of a large congregation in St. Andrew's Methodist Church, New York. Hymns of praise were sung while the papers were being destroyed.

Mrs. Mary Dorlon-Lewis has sued Rev. Charles Herald, pastor of the Bethsada Church, of Brooklyn, for slander, on account of comments made because she went into vaudeville.

Band Sergeant Alexander Zech, who died while serving with the regular army in Cuba, was buried with military honors in York, Pa.

Ex-Congressman Rodenburg has been appointed civil service commissioner, to succeed the late Washington S. Brewer.

Fire destroyed the grocery store of Samuel Dick and the stable of Dr. J. B. Snodgrass in Martinsburg, W. Va.

Judge Joseph M. Bartholomew, of the Supreme Court of North Dakota, dropped dead on the street in Bismarck.

John Grant Lyman, the zinc promoter, disappeared from New York, and no one knows where he is.

The West Park Ice Palace, in New York, was destroyed by fire.

W. J. Bryan, when asked whether he thought any Democrat or Populist would aid the Republicans in electing Senators, said: "Not unless he is bought," and Mr. Bryan would not assume without evidence that any of the Nebraska Legislators were corruptible.

Because of suspicious circumstances surrounding her death, the body of Mrs. Elizabeth Matthews, of Crittenden, Va., was disinterred and delivered to medical officials for an autopsy.

The United States officials place the responsibility for the wreck of the steamer Rio de Janeiro on the late Captain Ward, who went down with the ship, and Pilot Jordan.

The jury brought in a verdict of not guilty in the case of Hon. Clark Simmons, of the County Court in Weston, Va., who was tried for shooting Rev. John Rexwood.

Giovanni Lautiere, of Natick, R. I., nearly killed Miss Enrichette Mazarello, who had rejected him, and three others who came to her assistance.

The Korea, built for the Pacific Mail Steamship Company, was launched at the yards of the Newport News Dry Dock and Shipbuilding Company.

A Holstein cow went on a rampage in Richmond, Va., and did considerable damage to persons and their property before she had enough of the sport.

The fight between the Chicago Board of Trade and the telegraph companies over the distribution of market quotations has been settled.

Several electrical storms raged in Wisconsin and Minnesota. A number of cattle were killed by lightning.

Isaac Levy and Lewis Goldstein, Government contractors, were arrested in Philadelphia for swindling.

A blow from the southeast did considerable damage to shipping on the Florida coast.

William Stern, a business man of Scranton, Pa., committed suicide at Atlantic City.

More women are registering in Kansas to vote at the spring elections than ever before.

Thomas Levins was accused in Freehold, N. J., of killing his mother on March 1.

Charter Day was celebrated at the University of Virginia.

The steamer Poughkeepsie ran on the rocks at Stony Point, near Haverstraw, N. Y. All the passengers, who were panic-stricken, were safely taken off.

The Supreme Court of Virginia granted a new trial to H. A. Davis, sentenced for four years for poisoning a well in Fauquier county, Va.

A fire in the hold of the steamer Cassano, lying at the Atlantic Basin, Brooklyn, caused damage to the amount of $60,000.

Rev. Dr. Frederick A. Muhlenbery died at his home in Reading, Pa.

John Held, a traveling salesman, committed suicide in Buffalo.

Foreign.

The revolutionary feeling in Russia is on the increase. The Ministers of War, Justice and the Interior have received threatening letters.

The Korean Government has dismissed from office McLeavy Brown, director general of Korean customs, and Great Britain has entered a protest.

Abbe Revard, the Jesuit scholar and a professor at the University of Ghent, has boken off relations with the Church in order to marry.

The Portuguese Government has closed a Jesuit house and withdrawn sanctions from the associations of Mozambique missionaries.

The Germans have ousted the Chinese imperial troops from the passes on the Chi Li-Shan Si frontier.

Baron von Schottenstein, the Wurtemburg premier, has committed suicide at Ulm.

Six new cases of bubonic plague on an average are reported daily in Cape Town.

Mr. Chamberlain stated in the House of Commons that no specific objections had been made by General Botha to any of the peace terms offered by General Kitchener and made no counter proposals.

Emperor William, in speaking of the attempt recently made upon his life, said that the outrage convinced him that since the death of Emperor William I respect for the authorities had decreased.

The Privy Coucillor and Chief Procurator of the Holy Synod at St. Petersburg narrowly escaped assassination, two bullets being fired at him through a window.

Russian statesmen declare emphatically that Russia does not intend to assume a protectorate over Manchuria.

Financial.

The Lackawanna Road has ordered eighty new locomotives.

Seats in the Montreal Stock Exchange have advanced to $18,000.

Brooklyn Ferry stock and bonds advanced heavily last week.

American Express Company shares advanced 3 points to 199¾ last week.

Stock Exchange seats in Baltimore have advanced to $6250, the highest price. Four years ago seats sold in Baltimore at $100.

Brooklyn Rapid Transit earnings in February increased $41,000.

WILL CHECK MARRIAGES.

Minnesota Expects to Require Physician's Examination.

TRACE OF INSANITY TO BE A BAR.

No License Will Be Issued If Bill Passes Legislature Until a Certificate is Presented--Increase in Number of Inmates of Asylums for Feeble-Minded in the State is Strong Argument in Its Favor.

St. Paul, Minn. (Special).—The Chilton bill, which passed the Senate Saturday, is proposed as a measure to restrict the marriage of persons afflicted with physical or mental disorders, and has the support of the physicians of the State.

While the bill, which is reasonably certain to become a law, is aimed at the class above named, it will affect all persons seeking marriage, as a physical examination of the candidates for matrimony is imperative. Some of the provisions of the bill follow:

"No man or woman who is eplieptic, imbecile, feeble minded, or afflicted with chronic insanity, shall hereafter intermarry within this State when the woman is under the age of 45 years.

"Any person who, not being an epileptic marries an imbecile or feeble minded person or one afflicted with chronic insanity, or who knowingly violates the provision of this section, shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than $1000 or by imprisonment in the State prison for not more than five years, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

"No officer shall hereafter issue a marriage license to any person applying therefor until, in addition to the condition now required by law, he shall be furnished with a certificate from a reputable physician or physicians of the county in which the parties reside.

"No clergyman or any official authorized by law to solemnize marriage shall hereafter perform a marriage ceremony within this State when either of the parties to such marriage is prohibited by this act from marrying. Any violation shall be punishable by a fine of not more than $1000 or imprisonment in the penitentiary for not more than three years."

While this bill has general approval in this State, it will undoubtedly result in a number of the marriages of parties in this State being made in adjoining States. This has been one of the principal arguments advanced against its passage.

On the other hand the increase in the number of inmates of the asylums for feeble-minded and insane in the State is strong argument in favor of its passage.

CUT OFF HER OWN EARS.

Woman Also Removes Five Toes and Part of Her Nose.

Toledo, Ohio (Special).—Mrs. G. Brunschneider, residing near the city limits, occupies a ward at St. Vincent's Hospital and is in a serious condition as a result of horrible injuries self-inflicted. About 5 o'clock in the evening, armed with an ordinary pair of scissors, she cut off all toes of her left foot, both her ears close to the head and about an inch of her nose. She then cut out a portion of her right cheek, inflicted five gashes in the left cheek and finally began on her arms. Beginning at her left forearm, she removed every vestige of skin, laying bare the muscles. She also lacerated the right arm in a horrible manner. Nothing was known of the affair until her husband, who was absent during the night, returned home in the morning and found her in bed in a semi-conscious condition. A surgeon was called at once and she was taken to St. Vincent's Hospital. Her recovery is doubtful.

Hotel Guests Routed by Fire.

New York (Special).—The Hotel Renwick, at Port Washington, L. I., was destroyed by fire. The occupants of the hotel had narrow escapes, but all got out without injury, except Frank Kelly, who was cut on the hand while breaking a window in an effort to arouse servants, who were asleep on the second floor. After arousing the servants, Mr. Kelly was partially overcome by smoke and had to be assisted from the building. The loss is placed at $15,000.

Abolishing "Off Year" Elections.

Lansing, Mich. (Special).—The bill abolishing "off year" elections in Detroit and extending the terms of the present city officials one year, in accordance, passed the House after a bitter fight against it by Representative Colby, of Detroit, Republican, who declared it was being forced down the throats of the people of Detroit by the Republican "machine."

Harrison's Life Insurance.

Indianapolis (Special).—Ex-President Harrison left $40,000 in life insurance. This fact was announced by the president of the Union Trust Company, which is executor of General Harrison's will. He said: "General Harrison had four policies of $10,000, each in force. The box containing the policies has not been opened yet. Our appraisement of the Harrison estate gives its total value at $380,000. This includes all real estate, railroad bonds, stock in the Union Trust Company, the Law Building here and other securities."

Kidnapper Dead and Child Restored.

El Paso, Tex. (Special).—May Carrie Stevens, kidnapped from here six years ago, when but 5 years of age, and not heard of again by relatives until recently, was brought back from Danville, Ind., and restored to her mother, Mrs. Anna Stevens, Monday. The stolen child was able to tell a connected story of her wanderings since she was taken from home six years ago. She was trained for a trapeze performer in a circus. The actress who took her away from home is dead.

Boer Diplomats Not Idle.

Amsterdam (By Cable).—Dr. Leyds, the agent in Europe of the Boer Governments, assumed that the dispute between England and Russia at Tien Tsin offered an opportune moment for a visit to St. Petersburg. He therefore caused inquiry to be made through the Boer agents in Paris as to whether the Czar would welcome a visit from the Boer President and himself. The Czar returned a flat refusal to receive the would-be visitors, and the settlement of the Tien Tsin dispute has disappointed Boer hopes of a break between England and Russia.

LIVE NATIONAL AFFAIRS.

Spanish War Claims.

Ex-Senator Chandler, president of the Spanish War Claims Commission, says that the first meeting of the commission will be held on April 8. Assistant Attorney General William E. Fuller will represent the Government before the commission in the consideration of claims presented to it. The commission will only pass on claims against Spain made by United States citizens and incurred during the time Spain was carrying on her war in Cuba against the insurgents. Awards are only to be made for direct damages which can be proved before the commission. There are to be no indirect damages allowed. The finding of the commission is to be final. There are already claims amounting to $32,000,000. Speaking of the work of the commission, Senator Chandler said that he thought it could be finished within the two years provided in the act as the life of the commission. The President, however, is allowed, at his discretion, to extend the life of the body for periods of six months at a time if it is found necessary to do so in order to enable the commission to complete its work.

Mr. Griggs' Resignation.

Attorney General Griggs has handed to the President his resignation, to take effect March 31. Mr. Griggs intends to leave Washington on Saturday next for his home in New Jersey, where, hereafter, he will reside. His intention is to resume immediately the practice of his profession. It is stated by his authority that he will be associated as counsel with the firm of Dill, Bomeisler & Baldwin, of New York city. Mr. Griggs also has formed a partnership with Mr. Dill, of Jersey City, under the firm name of Griggs & Dill, for practice in New Jersey.

Spain Paid for the Islands.

The Spanish Minister, Duke d'Arcos, received from Secretary Hay a treasury warrant for $100,000, and the United States received the final cession of "any and all islands of the Philippine Archipelago lying outside of the line described in article 3 of the treaty of peace between Spain and the United States of December 19, 1898." At the same time a protocol was signed by Mr. Hay and Duke d'Arcos, exchanging ratifications of the treaty of cession. The specific purpose of the transaction is to add the islands of Cagayan-Sulu and Sibitu to the possessions of the United States.

Schley Home Fund.

It has been decided to purchase a residence for Admiral Schley at Cleveland Park in accordance with the admiral's wishes, he having previously declared against a handsome residence in the Capitol City, stating that he preferred a comfortable home in the quiet of the suburbs. The executive committee of the committee of one hundred of the Schley home fund stated that $3000 had been guaranteed by the various Knights Templar lodges in the United States. Miss Edna McClelland, of New York, has sent a statement to the committee that she had raised $3000 for the fund. The amount desired for the home for the admiral is $10,000.

Capital News in General.

President McKinley has completed the St. Louis Fair Commission. It will consist of ex-Senators Carter, Thurston, Lindsay and McBride, and ex-Congressman Glynn and Messrs. Scott, Miller, Northrop and Betts.

An army board, appointed on the request of Gen. Baldy Smith, decided that not he, but Gen. Rosecrans, devised the plan for the relief of the Army of the Cumberland.

Commander S. M. Ackley has been ordered to the command of the training-ship Dixie, relieving Commander Belknap.

Stephen Abell, the Maryland census enumerator, arrested for padding returns, was released on bail.

Chief Wilkie announced that a new five-dollar counterfeit had made its appearance.

Congressman Mudd, before leaving for New York, where he will sail for the Bermudas, criticised the system of the Census Bureau.

Gen. O. O. Howard, the president, delivered an address before the Washington annual meeting of the American Tract Society.

Senator Depew urged upon the President Fred J. Allen as successor to C. H. Duell, commissioner of patents.

The United States has suggested as a solution of the Chinese indemnity problem that an indemnity aggregating $200,000,000 be divided in eight parts, of which the United States is to receive one. Other powers do not receive the suggestion favorably.

Under the new army reorganization law an order has been issued organizing twelve additional companies of coast artillery, one to be located at Fort McHenry.

Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Taylor decided that bobbinet lace was a new industry, and decided to admit the imported laborers from England.

Senator Dovenor told the President that from his observations in Cuba the Platt proposition will, after some delay, be accepted.

Charles H. Flemer, a wealthy retired builder, committed suicide.

Our New Possessions.

In the province of Cavite four insurgent officers and fifty-three men with fifty-six rifles have surrendered to Lieut. Col. Frank D. Baldwin, of the Fourth United States Infantry, and one insurgent officer and twelve men with sixteen rifles to Col. Walter S. Schuyler, of the Forty-sixth Volunteer Infantry.

Col. Rosario, with 51 men and 56 rifles, has surrendered to Col. Baldwin, of the Fourth Infantry, at San Francisco de Malabon, Cavite province.

Lieutenant Dean, of Troop C, Sixth Cavalry, has engaged a force of insurgents at Tubig, Laguanda province, killing several of them and capturing seven men and twenty-four rifles.

A report was received giving interesting facts in conenction with the opening of a girl's high school in Tutuila.

General MacArthur reported the surrender of Fullon in Panay, which ends the insurrection in that province.

Marine Hospital Surgeon Perry reported that there were 20,000 cases of leprosy in the Philippine Islands. Efforts are being made to segregate and isolate them.

The Philippine Commissioners are considering recommendations as to the form of civil government which it is believed President McKinley will order instituted in July.

A DARING ADVENTURE.

General Funston Leads Expedition to Capture Aguinaldo.

MARCH INTO THE DEEP INTERIOR.

May Furnish a Fitting Climax to His Brilliant Career, or Result in His Discomfiture--His Plan Is to Be Taken Into the Presence of the Filipino Leader as a Prisoner, and Then Turn the Tables on His Supposed Captor.

Manila (By Cable).—General Funston is now engaged in a daring project which promises to be the greatest and most romantic achievement of his eventful career. In January, from his hiding place in the province of Isabella, Aguinaldo wrote letters anathematizing the sub-chiefs who had taken the oath of allegiance to the United States. Later, Aguinaldo ordered certain insurgent forces in Southern Luzon to join him at a rendezvous in Isabella province. The rebel officer entrusted with these orders secretly negotiated with the Americans. On securing necessary information, General Funston planned Aguinaldo's capture, and with General MacArthur's authorization General Funston proceeded two weeks ago to make the attempt. General Funston, with Surgeon Major Harris, Captain Newton, of the Thirty-fourth Infantry; Lieutenant Admire, of the Twenty-second Infantry; Lieutenant Mitchell, of the Fortieth Infantry; six veteran scouts, and a company of native scouts, all picked men, embarked on the gunboat Vicksburg and were landed on a remote beach above Baler. It was arranged that Aguinaldo's emissary, with the native scouts, should pass themselves off as insurgent troops, who, having captured General Funston and others, were taking them as prisoners to Aguinaldo. At the right time, when brought before Aguinaldo, General Funston was to give a signal, when the tables were to be turned and Aguinaldo was to be seized. Six days' march into the interior were contemplated. Treachery was considered possible, but every precaution was taken. The troops in New Vizcaya and New Ecija, and the gunboats Vicksburg and Albany were to operate with General Funston's force.

SIX SLAIN BY MOTHER.

Insane Mrs. Naramore Enacts a Terrible Tragedy--Used Ax and Club.

Coldbrook, Mass. (Special).—Mrs. Lizzie Naramore, while in a fit of insanity, killed her six children at her home, a farmhouse half a mile from this village, and then tried to take her own life.

The children ranged from 10 years to a babe of 10 months, and their lives were taken by the mother with an ax and a club. She laid the blood-drenched bodies on the beds, two on one bed and the other four on a bed in another room, and then attempted to take her own life by cutting her throat with a razor. When discovered she was in the bed on which the bodies of four children were lying. Although she cut a deep gash in her throat and suffered the loss of much blood, it is believed she will recover.

Frank Naramore, the husband and father, left his home at the usual hour to go to his work at a sawmill, and at that time his wife did not attract his attention by acting strangely.

It is supposed the deed was committed shortly after noon. The children were three boys and three girls—Ethel, 10 years of age, the eldest, while the ages of Walter, Charlie, Chester, Bessie and Lena ranged down from 8 years to 10 months.

Mrs. Naramore told her intimate friends that she first killed Ethel, then followed with the five others, each time taking the next eldest. Five were killed by being struck on the head with the back of an ax, while little Lena was killed with a club. Each of the children had evidently received several blows, as their heads were terribly bruised and blood was scattered in all directions about the rooms.

Killed His Three Children.

Clinton, Me. (Special).—Jacob Dearborn Marr, a farmer, living eight miles from this village, killed his three children, Alice M., aged 13; Elwin, aged 9, and Helen, aged 7, with an ax shortly after the family had risen from the dinner table. Mr. Marr had been despondent for some time but his actions were not such as to make his wife believe that he had any serious trouble to brood over. The eldest daughter was washing dishes at the sink when her father went by her to the shed and got an ax. He came back to the kitchen and struck the girl a single blow on the head, killing her. Mrs. Marr saw this and ran screaming to the house of her husband's father, Samuel Marr.

The husband, it is supposed, walked upstairs to where the younger children were playing and dealt each a single blow with the ax-handle, killing them both. When Mr. Marr, Sr., came in the younger Marr was washing his hands at the sink. He was asked why he had done the deed and he said:

"I don' tknow."

Later in the day he was placed under arrest and taken to Waterville.

Cleared Up By a Skeleton.

Warren, Ohio (Special).—The skeleton of James Tod arrived here Saturday and a mystery was cleared away. Nine years ago James Tod, of Warren, a nephew of War Governor Tod, disappeared from Dayton, Fla. One day this week his skeleon was found near Spruce Creek, in Florida, and was identified by gold fillings in his teeth, a watch and a ring of keys.

Deputy and a Moonshiner Killed.

Augusta, Ga. (Special).—Deputy Marshal Alexander S. Whitely was killed in attempting to arrest Lum Scott for illicit distilling in Lincoln county. Scott was also killed. The officer, with his posse, found the distillers in a barricaded house, and in attempting to make the arrests a fight ensued. The other members of the Scott crowd were arrested.

Hudson River Steamer Wrecked.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y. (Special).—The steamer Poughkeepsie, of the Central Hudson Steamboat Company, ran on the rocks at Stony Point, a few miles south of Haverstraw, before daybreak. The vessel is badly wrecked. At the time of the accident there was a heavy downpour of rain, and the night was very dark, and the pilot did not see the lighthouse, which is only 200 feet from where the vessel ran ashore. The bow of the boat ran on the rocks about 25 feet, and the crash set the passengers in a panic, but all were taken off in safety.

TO PHYLLIS.

When clad in silk my Phyllis goes,
As sweet as any summer rose,
I think I love her silken clothes.

Then, when she wears her brown cashmere,
Nothing seems to me so dear.
I've quite forgot the silk, I fear.

And when I see her blue brocade
I dare not look; I'm half afraid
To see her go so sweet arrayed.

But when she wears her muslin white
She is a dainty, heavenly sight.
I like the muslin best at night.

No matter how my Phyllis fares,
No matter what my Phyllis wears,
No one with Phyllis quite compares.
—Harvard Lampoon.

Professor's Experiment.

"What a good thing it is that there are snakes in England," said the professor meditatively. "Imagine, Sybil, if we had been condemned to pass our lives in Ireland, how much innocent recreation and scientific research would have been unavailable! Now, the English adder——"

Sybil looked up from a somewhat thick piece of bread and butter.

"Do you allude to that blunt-headed and blunt-tailed thing, that loathsome death dealer in that little basket, papa?"

"Don't insult the poor thing, Sybil. Its poison fangs are only a means of self-protection. The true English viper seldom wantonly injures any one, although it is very vindictive and never forgets an enemy. If some one trod on your, wouldn't you bite?"

"But think of it, daddy!" (She had left her place at the tea table and was tenderly rumpling the professor's hair, greatly to his annoyance, for he did not bear fondling very well.) "To be full of the joy of life one moment, and then a prick, a cry, and life fades away. Everything turns gray; a film comes over one's eyes, and—death!"

"Death," said the professor, philosophically, "is a price often paid by men of eminence for the good of others. You observed this morning that I provoked the adder to strike a piece of meat."

"I wondered why you were stirring it up with the stick," said Sybil.

"Don't speak of a viper as if it were a pudding," said the professor, testily. "I was exciting it to get rid of its poison. George Borrow and other authorities do not say how often the viper renews its poison. I am trying to discover this glorious fact for the last chapter of my great work on British snakes."

"And when it is done?" queried Sybil, doubtfully.

She had heard a great deal about this famous book for years. It never seemed to progress beyond the last chapter but one.

"Then it will be published," said the professor, magnificently. "I shall write the concluding chapter of my book on snakes to-night—to-morrow seek out a patriotic publisher."

"I have heard," suggested Sybil, "that it is very difficult to get things published. Hadn't you better ask Alan Wyse to——"

"You know how much I object to that young man, Sybil, and that I only tolerate him because of his position in the county. If it weren't for the kindness of his ratcatcher I should miss many valuable specimens. That hedgehog was——"

Sybil shuddered. She remembered how the prickly monster had escaped from the kitchen one night after a meal of beetles and crawled up stairs to her room, only to lose its footing and fasten on to the cat, which was peacefully sleeping by the mat in the hall.

"Wyse's lack of enthusiasm is distressing, and—and indecent. Only the other night he had the impertinence to tell me that I was working you too hard. Too hard! And then——" The professor paused indignantly. "That's a very pretty frock, isn't it?" eyeing Sybil's somewhat shabby gown with a critical eye.

"Yes, dearest," said Sybil.

"I thought so," answered the professor, indignantly. "That young man had the impertinence to tell me you were also suffering for the good of your country. He said I might make you a dress allowance instead of spending all my money on books. He said that I had no heart, and was a mere scientific curiosity myself. Me! A scientific curiosity! Montrous! wan't it? As if I hadn't been immolating myself on the altar of duty for the last twenty years.

"By the way, Sybil—you burnt my toast to-night. I don't like it burnt. A man who owes a duty to his country must keep up his strength for the struggle with such Philistines as Wyse; and when I had my nap this afternoon you didn't pull down the blind. Really, Sybil, I do not wish to blame you, but I am pained, pained beyond expression."

Sybil smiled faintly. Everything must be done exactly as he liked it, or Sybil and her "only general" were sure to hear of it for days to come. No one had the courage to tell the professor that he was a selfish old fraud, who ate and drank far more than was good for him—no one, that is, with the exception of Alan Wyse, who did not mince matters at all.

"I couldn't leave you to sleep in the darkness, dearest, with that horrid thing"—she pointed to the viper's basket—"so close to you."

"Pooh! nonsense," said the professor, testily. If you'd like to go and stay with your aunt, Sybil, and leave me to struggle on without an amanuensis—go; I do not object. It would be kinder to stay, but I do not object. Never mind me. There is Wyse," said the professor, indignantly. "I am informed by the vicar that he is one of the things which other girls care for, though I'm sure I don't know why. The other day the man actually wanted to know when you could be married to him, I said——"

"Yes, daddy. Oh, daddy!"

"Oh, I said that his selfishness amazed me, and declined to hear him further on the subject for at least two years. It's a curious thing," meditatively continued the professor—"it's a curious thing how inconsiderate young people generally are."

Alan Wyse came in to see Sybil during the evening, while the professor sat in the library endeavoring to sustain exhausted nature with the aid of a bottle of forty-four port.

The professor's attitude in regard to questions of this sort was quite unimpersonal. The port had to be taken simply as a means to an end. He looked upon it as fuel.

Thus, argued the professor, what in another man might be considered gross personal indulgence, when regarded with an eye to motives, admitted of quite a different and all-sufficing interpretation.

It was not to be wondered at that he slept like a log after dinner.

"I am quite ready to wait for you a reasonable time, dearest," said Alan Wyse, when they had moved to a safe distance from the professor's snores, "but this kind of thing may go on forever. He has actually put off our wedding for another two years in the most arbitrary manner, and simply to suit his own convenience."

Sybil put her hand on his lips.

"You don't know, Alan, how helpless he would be without me."

The lamp burned dimly as they bade each other adieu. Sybil had turned it down, in order to conduce to that repose which the professor so greatly needed after the arduous labors of the day.

But Alan's wrath exploded in a fit of irrepressible disgust.

Irritated by the sight of the professor's placid, yet empurpled countenance, he flung down his stick with a crash in a corner, hoping to cause a cessation of the snores which proceeded from the other end of the room.

The angry Alan so far forgot himself as to kick a small brown basket which his stick had knocked off the divan beneath the sofa.

Sybil indignantly refused to listen to his apologies. Seeing that he was only making matters worse, Alan reluctantly departed, blaming his own hastiness for having robbed him of his tete-a-tete with her.

Sybil sorrowfully returned to the room and curled herself up in the armchair beside her father.

He would be sorry for his hastiness to-morrow, and come back again. Meanwhile, she cried a little, pressed a tender kiss upon the professor's purple cheek, and forgot her sorrow in sleep.

Just at this time Alan, as he sat on the vicarage sofa—yellow daffodils, with a blue ground—felt a sudden twinge of pain across his temples. He turned faint and giddy, stopped in the middle of a sentence, and could scarcely speak.

"What is it?" asked Miss Twembley. "Aren't you well, Mr. Wyse?"

"I feel as if something had stung me to the heart," said Alan, faintly. "In the heart or—or in the temples. If you'll excuse me, I'll go home. Something has happened—something terrible."

When he had reached the door Wyse began to laugh at his folly. Something cut short, the laugh, and he suddenly set off running in the direction of the professor's.

The viper had escaped from the basket, kicked across the room by Alan. It halted for a moment on the newspaper, and raised itself half off the ground with an angry hiss.

The professor had kept it in confinement for two days without food.

The viper reached the professor's chair, and crawled up into Sybil's lap. Soothed by the warmth of her body, it coiled itself up drowsily.

Unfortunately, Sybil stirred. The viper's anger quickened. It glided upward to the professor's chest, and, as Sybil restlessly raised one arm, buried its fangs in the girl's soft, white flesh.

Wyse burst into the room with a despairing cry, and broke the viper's back with one blow of his stick.

He made a resolute effort to pull himself together, turned up the light, carried Sybil to a couch and immediately applied his lips to the wound in her arm.

She smiled gratefully up at him.

Wyse motioned to the horrified servant to run for a doctor. The professor crossly sat up. He was genuinely alarmed, and refused to stop in the room, lest he should by any chance tread upon the viper's writhing body.

Sybil held her lover's hand, and looked up at him with big, frightened blue eyes. Suddenly she gave a little cry of horror.

"Alan! Alan! What are you doing? You will die too!"

"I hope so," said Wyse, fiercely. "But my dearest, you shall not die if I can prevent it;" and he again applied his lips to the wound.

When the doctor came half an hour later, he was puzzled and presently took Wyse aside.

"She's little the worse for the bite," he said, reassuringly. "There are none of the usual symptoms. Perhaps it wasn't a viper at all."

A careful examination of the dead snake's mouth showed that the channeled teeth, with which the poison gland communicates, had been broken off short, in all probability while the professor had been prodding with a stick.

Somehow the professor has never written that last chapter of his great work, but is still revising the earlier portions.

Wyse permits his father-in-law to dwell with him on the sole condition that if the professor wishes to experiment with snakes, he is to lock himself up with them in the garden tool house, and bear the brunt of any mistakes which may happen.

Consequently, the professor's ardor has died a natural death, and he declines to take any risks which might involve such an irreparable loss to science as his own premature decease.—Waverley Magazine.

NEW YORK'S COFFEE TRADE.

Nine-tenths of the Country's Importations Enter That Port.

The increased American demand for tropical and subtropical products forms a marked striking feature of American import trade as indicated in the most recent monthly summary issued by the Treasury Department. Such imports of tropical and subtropical products now amount to $350,000,000 per annum, including sugar, tea, coffee, cocoa, spices, fruits, rubber, cork, rice, nuts, indigo, olive oil and ivory. The largest item of such commerce is sugar, and tea and coffee follow. New York city's commercial supremacy as the chief coffee port of the western hemisphere was unsuccessfully challenged some years ago by Baltimore, a port nearer the sources of coffee supply, and it has again, but less seriously, been challenged by New Orleans. The importations of coffee into the United States are to the amount of 900,000,000 pounds a year, of which 600,000,000 are shipments from Brazil, two-thirds of the whole amount. From other South American countries 90,000,000 pounds are shipped to the United States, from Central America 45,000,000, from Mexico 30,000,000, and from the East Indies direct 10,000,000, and from the East Indies via European ports as much more.

The United States is one of the great coffee-consuming countries of the world, and the importance of coffee as an article of commerce is considerably enhanced by the fact that in addition to the large amounts of it imported into the United States for domestic consumption, there is a trade of $3,000,000 a year reshipped from this country to European ports, chiefly France, Germany and Holland. Until a year ago ninety per cent of the imports of foreign coffee were to the city of New York, which received 6,000,000 bags, the annual average of New Orleans being 300,000, of Baltimore 200,000 and of San Francisco 150,000. No other American cities import coffee in any appreciable amount, and the disparity between New York and its three competitors is so large as to preclude the notion that New York's lead can at any time be seriously challenged. In behalf of New Orleans the claim is made that freight rates are about one-half the rates to New York.

The extension of American influence over Cuba and Porto Rico has had the effect of stimulating closer commercial relations with those two islands, both of which are coffee producers, and the facilities of delivery of coffee in New Orleans are greater than in New York, besides which sundry western trunk lines have made New Orleans their harbor terminus for the shipment of American grain and merchandise to foreign countries and return, and the delivery there of coffee for shipment to the cities of the far and middle west would thus be facilitated. New York has its coffee exchange, and this city shares with Havre and Hamburg only its importance as a shipping port for coffee. New Orleans, though nearer than New York is to Brazil, is not in such good connection with European ports and, moreover, the largest coffee consuming states are on the Atlantic seaboard, and of all these states (since Baltimore ceased to be a factor in the market) New York is the great distributing point.—New York Sun.

King Edward as a Man Who Knows Things.

The new King is the most experienced man of the world that has ever ascended a throne. He has seen life in every capital, he has met every celebrity of his time, he has for long been in touch with almost every class of the community, and he knows the intimate history of his own period as no other man does. He has visited the "thieves' kitchens," the "doss houses," and the opium dens of the East End; he has been conducted through the chief manufactories of the country, he has occupied the chair at hundreds of meetings, his is the most familiar face at the theatre, at the opera, and on the racecourse; he has been to every exhibition of importance, and almost every work of art with any serious pretension to merit has been submitted to him for his approval. He is popular, he is an excellent speaker, he has tact and humor, his memory is phenomenal, and he has been trained by the late Queen to spare neither himself nor any trouble in the exercise of his public duties.—London Truth.

WE LEND MONEY ABROAD.

WHY CERTAIN FOREIGN LOANS ARE PLACED HERE.

There is a Very Human and Interesting Phase to Some Recent Purchases of Bonds in the United States—Cause of Morgan's Masterful Position.

The placing of the bulk of foreign government loans with corporate and individual investors in the United States, which began last year, promises to be repeated on a much larger scale during the current twelvemonth, says the World's Work.

There is a very human and a very interesting phase to these purchases of foreign bonds which has thus far escaped general attention. It was first manifested a year or so ago, when, one of the cantons of Switzerland being desirous of floating a loan of moderate size, it was intimated to the canton authorities from a friendly quarter that many of the Swiss settled in America had prospered greatly in their new home, and would be glad to invest some part of their savings in the bonds of the Fatherland. This hint was promptly acted upon, and, as had been predicted, the entire issue was subscribed for by Swiss-Americans. In like manner nearly if not all of the more recent and more considerable Swedish loan was taken by the well to do Swedes of the Northwest, while, since the opening of the new year the kingdom of Bavaria floated a loan of twenty-five millions through its financial agents in New York, almost all of the subscriptions to it, which were entered within twenty-four hours, representing the desire of the sons of Bavaria to invest their savings in the obligations of that country. The kingdom of Saxony, also, during the past few weeks has successfully placed a ten-million loan, the greater part of which was largely subscribed for by men of Saxon birth now resident in the United States; and bankers who have kept a watchful eye on these several transactions express the belief that many millions of similar obligations will find a ready market in this country within the next few years, since it is now clear that the Fatherlands possess not only a sentimental interest, but one strong enough to impel the American citizen of foreign descent or birth to share the prosperity that has come to him in his New World home with his own Fatherland.

Permanent investment, however, in loans like those to England and Germany is made chiefly by the great life insurance corporations, whose resources and yearly revenues tell a story of weath-growth without parallel in financial history. The reports for the last calendar year of three of these corporations having headquarters in New York show that they have outstanding nearly three and a half billions of insurance, and that they possess in the aggregate not far from one billion of assets. Resources such as these give them enormous power and prestige, and, in some respects, greater authority than the associated banks of New York. Their strength and influence tend steadily to increase, such is the impelling force involved in the creation and maintenance of a billion-dollar corporation; and the day is not far distant, if it has not already arrived, when a loan issued by an English king or a Russian czar will be underwritten en bloc by the president of an American life insurance company.

It is also worthy of note that to these insurance corporations is largely due the unique and masterful position which Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan holds in the financial and industrial worlds. That gentleman possesses the qualities of successful leadership; but had he not been able to count at all times upon the aid and co-operation of the men who control the finances of the greater insurance companies, many of the brilliant feats in reorganization and consolidation now standing to his credit would have been impossible of achievement.

Summer Man Less Gorgeous.

Summer shirt patterns have lost the splendor that distinguished them the last season, and the negligee shirt is not going to be nearly so brilliant as it was. Glaring pinks and vivid blues, stripes of yellow, green and red and solid colors of barbaric tinge have all passed out of fashion.

The seeker for striking patterns is confronted by sober blue and white or pink and white stripes, and nothing more glaring is to be had from the establishments that consider themselves foremost in matters of style. This condition is a reaction from the debauch of color that men's summer dress has displayed for the past three or four summers. Variety this year will be found only in the use of the dark buttons which contrast with the colors of the shirts and afford some picturesqueness.

There have been no changes this summer in the way of making the summer shirts. The best of them will have the broad pleats down the front. Some in plain white are relieved by a narrow stretch of hemstitching that adds variety and considerable expense. It is quite possible for a man to pay $12 for a linen shirt and there are some to be had for $18, but they are partly silk. All are made with the broad pleats down the bosom.—New York Sun.

Lincoln's Birthday as a Holiday.

Lincoln's birthday is a legal holiday in Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Illinois, Minnesota, North Dakota and in the state of Washington.

INSURANCE FOR DRUGGISTS.

They Are Protected From Blackmail an Their Own Mistakes in Mixing Drugs.

One of the latest things in the fidelity and casualty line is to insure druggists against what is called the wrong prescription man. For $15 or $25 a year several companies downtown guarantee druggists against damages arising from mistakes in compounding drugs. One of the most successful of these companies has 950 chemists of New York, Jersey City, Newark and New Haven on its list of subscribers.

The idea of insuring druggists against loss from their own mistakes originated in the belief of a number of leading pharmacists that they were the victims of a gang of rogues who made a practice of pretending that wrong medicines had been given to some member of their families, sometimes with serious results. The gang was partly broken up by the fidelity company which first assumed the responsibility of protecting druggists at $5 a year each. An officer of this company says that there are fully 1,000 mistakes a year in the compounding of drugs.

"While there are so many genuine mistakes," he continued, "there are many alleged errors in mixing medicines, and some of the complaints are invented for the sole purpose of extracting money from the retail druggists. Our company guarantees to protect druggists against themselves, but our main desire is to prevent fraud on the part of those who want to blackmail one of our clients for something he has not done.

"It is a serious matter to make a mistake in mixing drugs, but it is frequently even more serious to the druggist to have it noised about that such a mistake was made. I have known chemists to be forced out of business by the publicity given to the fact that they made a blunder. Dishonest persons have recognized the fear that druggists have of an exposure of this kind and have taken advantage of the knowledge.

"Since we undertook to protect them a number of druggists have confessed to paying big sums to persons who said mistakes were made. I have the names of half a dozen so-called doctors who have aided an East Side gang that was engaged in the business of bleeding chemists.

"Still, there is nothing really remarkable in this protection of druggists. For instance, we have a special insurance for saloon keepers, guaranteeing them against financial loss through being locked up for violation of the excise law."—New York Sun.

Poisoning From Filled Teeth.

In Stomalogist Dr. S. H. Guilford discusses the subject of mercurial poisoning resulting from teeth filled with amalgam. The subject is one of utmost importance, as many physicians have gone to the extent of making their patients either have the teeth extracted, or gold fillings put in where amalgam fillings were. In filling a decayed tooth the dentist first removes as much as possible of the decayed matter, and after disinfection of the cavity fills it with an alloy of copper and silver, which is dissolved in mercury. Dr. Guilford maintains that there is no danger from mercury poisoning, as mercury is utterly insoluble in any of the secretions of the body except when converted into salts by strong mineral acids, and these do not exist in the human system. Should any metallic mercury be driven into the digestive tract, the writer asserts that it would pass out unchanged. In conclusion it is stated that neither physicians nor their patients need feel any uneasiness from the presence of amalgam fillings in their teeth, as they are utterly incapable of causing mercurial poisoning.

Women as Letter Writers.

No trick of the feminine letter-writer arouses more mirth among postal employes than her propensity for scribbling her last words—and being a woman she has plenty of them—all over the back of the sealed envelope. The number of women who do this is amazing. The sealed envelope has come to be the place for the inevitable P. S. Formal notes themselves, otherwise irreproachable in get-up, are not free from it. Such exposures don't imply an unalterable confidence in the P. O. clerks. They merely stand for the eternal feminine. Of course, the P. O. clerks haven't time to read all that is written on the envelope backs. Unlike so many of the practices of the sex, it doesn't even inconvenience them. But did they take the time, what a lot they ight learn!—New York Sun.

His Birthday.

Although unrivaled in the art of cross examination, on one occasion Lord Russell was distinctly beaten by a witness.

"What is your age?" he asked.

"Is it my age you are asking?" replied the witness.

"Yes, sir. Now speak up and be exact."

"And be exact! Well, of all the—"

"The court does not desire to hear any comments of yours. Tell the court your age."

"Well," said the man, "I celebrated my twelfth birthday last week."

"Don't trifle with the court and remember you are on oath."

"It's quite true. I was born on February 29, in leap year, and my birthday only comes once in four years."

Scientists are now talking about radium, which is said to emit perpetual light.

It must be a cowardly coin that turns tail when it's tossed.

PENNSYLVANIA NEWS.

The Latest Happenings Gleaned From All Over the State.

THE CHESTER COUNTY MILK WAR.

Blast Furnace Combination -- Rumors of a $30,000,000 Organization in the Mahoning Valley--State Christian Endeavorers Vote for a Postponement of Convention Until 1902 --Runaway Results Fatally--Other News.

More coal has been shipped South by river this month than in any other month in the history of the Pittsburg river coal trade. All previous big records have been sent glimmering, and the coal men are pleased. The Monongahela River Consolidated Coal and Coke Company has already sent South during March from Pittsburg 600 coal boats and 400 barges, and this amount will be swelled before April 1 by the shipment of an additional 200 boats and 100 barges. The total shipped for the month will approximate the enormous amount of 300,000,000 bushels of coal, or about 1,200,000 tons.

The Building Committee of the Orphans' School Commission, consisting of Messrs. Mahon, Sample and Stineman, together with Captain John D. Patterson, of Harrisburg, held a conference at Scotland as to the rebuilding of the mechanical department, recently burned. The committee decided to build over the old plans and specifications. A hospital will also be built south of the mechanical building. Between the two buildings will be erected a brick structure especially for the band of the school. A new power house will be put up. Work will be commenced as quickly as possible.

Henry Rowe and Weston Keiper, the young men who a week ago held up Cashier Ryan in the Halifax Bank and killed him, were convicted at Harrisburg of murder in the first degree. The jury retired at 4.25 o'clock, when Judge Simmonton's charge was finished, and at 5 o'clock rendered a verdict. The youthful murderers betrayed no sign of emotion as they heard the verdict, and were led away handcuffed to jail. This is regarded as breaking the record for a conviction of murder in the first degree, following so closely upon the commission of the crime.

The passenger traffic officials of the lines interested in Cleveland and Pittsburg business got together at Pittsburg and adjusted their differences. The decision to abolish further rate cutting between Pittsburg and Cleveland was quickly reached, and the tariffs of the Central Passenger Association were established. This ends a rate war covering two years. The roads most directly interested are the Cleveland and Pittsburg, Pittsburg and Lake Erie and Pittsburg and Western.

While playing marbles on the banks of Shamokin Creek, Lowell Thompson, 5 years old, fell in and was drowned. His companion, Clive Henninger, 4 years old, went home at once and said to his mother: "Little boy's gone. Lowell's head went down. You cannot see him no more, mamma." Mrs. Henninger immediately bore the news to Mrs. Thompson, who, with her infant in her arms, rushed to the bank, but her child was gone.

The farmers of Chester County expect to erect a creamery near Marshallton within a short time. The plan is similar to one now in operation in various portions of New York. The farmers are doing some lively work in securing dairies for the new plant and are meeting with much sucess. The offer made by milk dealers for the month of April is not satisfactory to the farmers and the new plant is projected on that account.

As a result of the letter vote taken at the beginning of the month, Rev. G. F. Eberman, president of the Pennsylvania Christian Endeavor Union, will announce at the next [illegible] of the Executive Committee [illegible] State convention of the [illegible] which had been arranged [illegible] in Pittsburg next [illegible] until the summer [illegible] burg union, when [illegible] convention decided [illegible] has extended the [illegible]

While John [illegible] J. B. Lennig, [illegible] turning the [illegible] American Coal [illegible] Company to [illegible] support brought [illegible] killed both [illegible] and the latter dying [illegible] ward. Lennig's son [illegible] and saw his father [illegible] death.

George Nelms, a shoe [illegible] pect Park, has not tasted [illegible] any kind for seven weeks [illegible] tinues at his bench just [illegible] though he were eating [illegible] day. He says that the [illegible] which accompanies an [illegible] does not trouble him at [illegible] has often fasted for many [illegible] lost little flesh.

President McKinley [illegible] following Pennsylvanians [illegible] Dawson, Charles J. [illegible] Haven, Thomas W. [illegible] Elizabeth W. Haseltine; [illegible] Ruth; Beaumont, [illegible] Chanceford, C. W. [illegible] Spring, J. H. Dick; [illegible] Pyle; Kelly Point, Elizabeth [illegible] let, M. L. Freeman; [illegible] R. Petty.

A consolidation of [illegible] naces in the Mahoning [illegible] Valleys, including [illegible] Pittsburg and Cleveland [illegible] effected. It is said [illegible] already been taken [illegible] plants and the capital [illegible] $30,000,000.

David Gough, of [illegible] ployed as a car runner [illegible] killed. He attempted [illegible] car to another and fell [illegible]

J. J. Donahue, of Phil[illegible] convicted of stealing S. [illegible] S. Vare's diamond in the [illegible] resentatives on the night [illegible] made the caucus nominee [illegible] States Senator. He was [illegible] two years in the penitentiary.

The bank barn on the farm [illegible] Postmaster William A. Peffer [illegible] lisle, was destroyed by fire. [illegible] and contents were insured for [illegible]

Mrs. Joseph Kreidler, of [illegible] Barre, was severely injured [illegible] while picking coal on the railroad

THE CENTRE REPORTER

S. W. SMITH, ... Editor and Proprietor.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.
March 28, 1901.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

STRINGENT HEALTH LAWS.

If New Bills Pass Boroughs and Townships Must Organize Sanitary Boards.

The associated health authorities of the state are much interested in two bills introduced in the house this week at the instigation of Edward S. Wagoner, chairman of the legislative committee of the associated authorities.

The bills amend the acts authorizing the organization of health boards in boroughs and townships. They are practically substitutes for those acts and are great improvements over the existing laws on the subjects. If they are passed they will result in boards of health being organized in every borough and township of the state.

The borough bill provides that the town council must support a board with a monetary appropriation sufficient to cover its legitimate expenses and places the council of towns disobeying the law subject to mandamus by the courts. In townships the boards of health are to be appointed and appropriations for their support made by the respective school boards Failing to support a board or supply it with funds will be followed by the withdrawal of the state school appropriation of the district disobeying the law. With these two provisions in force it is thought that the health conditions of the state in general can be greatly improved and epidemics of contagious diseases prevented.

WORKED OUT A PUZZLE.

A Young Man in Centre Hall Got a Prize of $100.00 (?)

Lured into solving a puzzle by the offer of a cash prize of $100.00, a young man in Centre Hall is in possession of a lot of worthless trinkets, is out a quarter of a dollar for postage, and in a lot of worry and a two-cent postage stamp as his share of the $100.00. The puzzle was very simple; a child could solve it, but the answer had to be accompanied by a cash consideration for which, of course, valuable jewelry, etc., were returned. The puzzle solver was then notified that his answer was correct, and that if no one else guessed right the $100 00 would be his; if others solved the puzzle, the prize would be divided, but a plea was made to send more money to buy new goods to put himself into better grace with the $100.00. After corresponding for several weeks the finish came, by the young man receiving a two-cent stamp as his share of the $100.00. The air castles were destroyed.

Correspondence Courses for Farmers.

The Pennsylvania State College is offering to farmers at their homes, instruction by means of printed lessons issued by the College, by the use of the best available books on the various subjects, and by personal correspondence whenever [illegible] finds it difficult to under[illegible]ject matter of the books [illegible]ork is similar to the[illegible]ence schools whi[illegible]uccessful in oth[illegible]tion, and is me[illegible]or through- o[illegible] More than [illegible] enrolled.

[illegible]te last [illegible]portant busi-

[illegible]gist, was to the [illegible]y to transact busi-

[illegible]e at work on the [illegible] at the west end of

[illegible]rsey Shore, was in [illegible]g his brother a [illegible]f his friends and

[illegible]eld for admission [illegible]chool and High [illegible]sfactorily Satur- [illegible]e admitted to the [illegible]to the Grammar

[illegible]burg.

[illegible]d wife, of Belle- [illegible] in town over

[illegible], of Williams- [illegible]ast week visit- [illegible]s in town.

[illegible]an, of Centre [illegible]a Moyer over

[illegible] and Mrs. Wm. [illegible]Store, was buried [illegible]rning.

[illegible]ns, of Logan Mills, [illegible]nother, Mrs. Willis

[illegible], who is employed up [illegible]e on a short vacation.

[illegible] Sando, of Morrisdale, [illegible]nty, was arrested and [illegible], charged with being the [illegible]death of her four-year-old

Spring Mills.

C. P. Long and wife left last Monday for Philadelphia, to lay in a supply of spring and summer goods.

Wm. Corman and wife, of Pine Grove Mill, spent Sunday with Mrs. Corman's mother, Mrs. Neese. Mr. Corman is employed in the roller flouring mills at Pine Grove Mills.

C. J. Finkle has bought the store room of C. A. Krape, which he will open next spring as an implement store.

G. H. Long has sold his stock of merchandise to his two sisters, Sue and Ida Long. G. H. Long is going to Steubenville, Ohio, at which place he and his brother Frank will conduct a general store. Success go with you.

Smith Bro's. are reaping a harvest; for the past two weeks they have been busy with two teams delivering their spring sales of furniture. They expect to sell their stock off close so they need not move it to their new room which they will build this spring.

Rev. Koontz will preach his first sermon next Sunday evening in the United Evangelical church.

J. Alfred Osman, of Centre Hall, the expert brick layer and jolly good fellow, has been circulating among his many friends and relatives, while he had other attractions in this section. Come again, you will always find the latch string on the outside of the door.

Among those who were at Smith Bro's. furniture store and bought an outfit of furniture were, E. D. Royer and wife, of Centre Hall; L. E. Boob and wife, of Aaronsburg; Foster E. Harter and wife, of Madisonburg, Charles Bartges and wife, of Penn Hall; Ammon Vonada and wife, of Georges Valley, and John Breon, son and wife.

Notice—I have received a full line of fresh fish, shad and herring, oranges, lemons, salmon; Baltimore oysters, 30 cents a gallon. Come and see them before buying elsewhere.

We also sell Golden Blend 2-pound package coffee at 24 cents. All other grades in stock at low prices.

Wanted—All kinds of country produce, such as bacon, shoulders and hams, onions, apples and potatoes. Live chickens a specialty.

mar28-1t O. T. CORMAN.

Coburn.

Jacob Witmyer and son, T. B. Witmyer, spent Saturday and Sunday in this place, visiting their families and friends.

James Young, a commercial traveler of Mifflinburg, spent Sunday at the popular Coburn House.

Mr. Smith, the hustling insurance agent of Milton, is in this section looking after the interests of his company.

W. L. Hosterman, manager for the Coburn Grain and Creamery Company, left on Saturday evening for the western part of the state, to buy a car load of shoats which they intend to fatten for the fall season.

P. H. Stover on Saturday while engaged in a friendly boxing bout with Henry Kaler, had the misfortune to dislocate one of his fingers, which was very painful for some time.

C. A. Kerstetter, of Lewisburg, spent Sunday with friends at this place.

The water company received their large hose one day last week, and will give a public trial of the efficiency of their plant next Saturday afternoon. Property owners in town should turn out to see this public exhibition of the amount of pressure and supply of water this company can furnish in case of an emergency.

John Guisewite, of Aaronsburg, took charge of the store room formerly occupied by S. B. Styers, on Monday. Mr. Styers shipped his household goods to Patton, and will make that place his home for the present.

Peter Kessler and wife, of Rebersburg, and Miss Kate Moyer, of Green Burr, Clinton county, were pleasant callers in town Saturday.

Potters Mills.

Mrs. Jennie Herst is visiting at the home of her father, John Harper.

Miss Mabel Smith, who spent the winter with her uncle, Luther Smith, in Johnstown, returned home on Saturday; also Miss Cora McClenahan, of Altoona. Glad to see the ladies back.

Miss Ada Stover spent a few days with her brother James.

John McClenahan is not improving.

Stewart Long is on the sick list.

Miss Blanche Heckman, formerly of Sunbury, will spend the summer with her sister, Mrs. Reish.

Moving time is here and the changes made at this place are as follows: Stewart Long and Mervin Kuhn, of Linden Hall, to McCoy's house; Will Smith, to the Bitner house; William Fultz, to the Decker house; Wm. Blasser, to the Allison house; Clark Bible, to the Burkholder home; James Stover, to Frank Royer's house; Mick Miller, to McCoy's house; John Campbell, to the McCormick house, Father Strong, to the band room.

Mrs. David Keller spent a day with her sister, Mrs. Reish last week.

It Brought the Answer.

William Hetzel, a rolling mill operator at Duncansville, drank a quart of whiskey at a dose to drive off a chill, and went to bed. In an hour he was a corpse.

Linden Hall.

The following visitors were in town recently: Arthur Lee and Charles Miller, Colyer; Henry Fry, Shingletown; Charles Williams and William Zeigler and family, of Oak Hall; Mr. Kuhn, Nathaniel Zeigler and family, of Centre Hall; John McPherson, Boalsburg; George Markle, Axemann; Miss Ida Glasgow, Tusseyville; Rev. Fenstermacher, Spring Mills.

Miss Laura Brown is staying with friends at Centre Hall.

William Kuhn, formerly of this place, but now overseer of a farm near Jersey Shore, arrived at this place on Monday evening to spend a few days with his many friends.

Wilfred Fry, better known as "Doddy" Fry, of Shingletown, arrived at the home of Robert Corl, on Monday, where he will spend the summer.

Mrs. Jacob Zong, who was overcome by heart failure about a week ago and carried unconscious to a house near by, has recovered sufficiently to be around.

Mr. and Mrs. Decker and child, of State College, were the pleasant guests of William Raymond and family, on Main street on Tuesday last.

A bill has been introduced in the Legislature imposing a fine of $5 for hunting on private lands without permission.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.

To Pinehurst, N. C., Camden S. C., and all Florida Points.

The Florida And Metropolitan Limited and Florida and Atlanta East Mail are the finest and fastest trains operated between New York and the famous health resorts of the Carolinas and Florida.

Pinehurst, N. C. is a model New England town, nestled among the pineclad sand hills of the Old North State, and only eighteen hours from New York, via Seaboard Air Line Railway. It is one of the healthiest and most enjoyable winter resorts in America, with the finest and most palatial hotels and best eighteen hole golf links in the South. Through sleeping-cars from Washington, D. C. Passengers from north thereof can take through car by passing from New York Sleeper to Washington and Pinehurst Sleeping-Car at Washington.

Camden, S. C. is one of the nearest resorts for northern tourists where they are secure from the cold climate of Northern winters. Besides its fame as a healthful and attractive winter resort, the historic interests connected with the town and locality are most quaint and interesting.

The Health and Pleasure Resorts of Florida are too well known to need more than a passing allusion. There you find the most luxurous hotels and most attractive and popular winter resorts in America.

The Seaboard Air Line Railway is positively the shortest and quickest route operating solid vestibuled limited trains, with Pullman's latest improved service, including Dining, Observation and Pullman Compartment Cars, between New York and Florida.

For information and tickets call on or address Charles L. Longsdorf, New England Passenger Agent, 306 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.; J. C. Horston, Eastern Passenger Agent, 1206 Broadway, New York; W. M. McConnell, General Agent, 1434 New York Avenue, Washington, D. C., or R. E. L. Bunch, General Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Va.

Sow Phosphate in the Spring.

D. W. BRADFORD

will furnish you 14 per cent.

= SOUTH CAROLINA ROCK =

For $13.50 Cash.

You can use this grade of goods profitably on

Oats, Potatoes,
Barley, Top dressing for wheat.
Corn, Top dressing for grass.

You can get nearer your money's value by buying South Carolina Rock Phosphate than any other grade of goods.

$13.50 is a popular figure.

JULIAN A. FLEMING,
Centre Hall, Pa.,
Agent for the
Johnston Harvester Co's
full line of
Harvesting Machines.
SELF BINDERS.
MOWERS.
RAKES, ETC.
Repairing Binders a Specialty.
I have had a practical experience for a period of eighteen years with farm and other machinery and I feel that money can be saved to many farmers by having their old machines looked over and repaired by a practical man.

A Good Cough Medicine for Children.

"I have no hesitancy in recommending Chamberlain's Cough Remedy," says F. P. Moran, a well known and popular baker, of Petersburg, Va. "We have given it to our children when troubled with bad coughs, also whooping cough, and it has always given perfect satisfaction. It was recommended to me by a druggist as the best cough medicine for children as it contained no opium or other harmful drug." Sold by Mrs. J. H. Keller, Linden Hall; J. F. Smith, Centre Hall.

As a result of the lifting of the revenue stamp act on bank checks many Federal employes are likely to find themselves out of a job. The law goes into effect July 1.

Remarkable Cures of Rheumatism.

From the Vindicator, Rutherfordton, N. C.

The editor of the Vindicator has had occasion to test the efficacy of Chamberlain's Pain Balm twice with the most remarkable results in each case. First, with rheumatism in the shoulder from which he suffered excruciating pain for ten days, which was relieved with two applications of Pain Balm, rubbing the parts afflicted and realizing instant benefit and entire relief in a very short time. Second, in rheumatism in thigh joint, almost prostrating him with severe pain, which was relieved by two applications, rubbing with the liniment on retiring at night, and getting up free from pain. For sale by Mrs. J. H. Keller, Linden Hall; J. F. Smith, Centre Hall.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Franklin Wright, late of Potter township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement.
mar 21-6t J. S. HOUSMAN, Colyer, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Mary Wright, late of Potter township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. J. S. HOUSMAN, Colyer, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS of Administration on the estate of A. E. Meyer, late of Potter township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, he would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. EDWARD SELLERS, Adm'r.
mar7-6t Centre Hall, Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS TESTAmentary on the estate of David C. Young, late of Potter township, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, they would respectfully request all persons knowing themselves indebted to the estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. MARGARET C. YOUNG,
DAVID F. YOUNG,
28feb-6t Executors, Colyer.

NOTICE.—The undersigned having lost their books in the fire which destroyed the Irvin Hardware store, requests all persons indebted to come to them for settlement.
DANIEL IRVIN'S SONS,
feb28-3t Centre Hall, Pa.

W. A. SANDOE, AUCTIONEER, Centre Hall, Pa.
is open for engagements at all times. The best prices can be obtained only when the best auctioneers are employed. Twenty years' experience in the business. Terms reasonable.

WANTS.

AGENTS WANTED.—Agents are wanted in every town in Centre county to sell "The Church Member," by S. H. Deitzel, Ph. D., the author, Cavetown, Md. The book is dedicated to Rev. W. H. Groh, formerly of Boalsburg, and will find ready sale. Price fifty cents.

YOUNG MEN WANTED, WITH FAIR EDUcation and good character, to learn Telegraphy, Railroad Accounting, and Type writing. This is endorsed by all leading railway companies as the only perfect and reliable institution of its kind. All our graduates are assisted to positions. Deaf mutes also admitted. Write for free catalog. Fall term opens August 15th.
GLOBE TELEGRAPH COLLEGE,
266m Lexington, Ky.

WANTED, AGENTS.
To sell our Teas, Coffees, Spices and Baking Powder to consumers. Liberal commission paid. Address, GRAND UNION TEA CO.,
j44 35 N. 3rd Street, Harrisburg, Pa.

DR. SMITH'S SALVE for chilblains, etc. Sent by mail for 25 cents. The DR. SMITH CO., Centre Hall, Pa.

H. E. SHRECKENGOST,
Farmers Mill's, Pa.
AUCTIONEER AND CARPENTER.
I am open for engagements in either of these occupations. My experience in both should be a sufficient guarantee for satisfaction and good work. Terms are moderate. Give me a trial.
mar 21-1 yr

J. S. MEYER, Penn Hall, Pa.,
breeder and shipper of
Barred and Buff Plymouth Rock, S. S. Hamburgs and S. C. and W. B. Leghorns.

EGGS FOR HATCHING.—Orders for eggs will be filled with fresh, fertile eggs, and from the same yards that I breed from for my own use. All eggs will be packed for shipping in light baskets, to carry any distance in safety.
PRICE OF EGGS—$1 for 15; $1 75 for 30; $2.50 for 45.
PRICE OF STOCK. Single stock birds from $1 to $2; Pairs, $2 to $3.75; Trios, $2.75 to $4.
Send all money for stock and eggs with your order, either by Post Office or Express Money Order. Be sure to write both your name and address plainly on all orders.

Solid Oak Extension Table, $5.50.

Woven Bed Springs, $1.65.

Weber's Improved Flour Heater, $6.00.

The Cheapest Place to buy Furniture in Centre County.

SARAH E. WEBER,
Boalsburg, Penn'a.

An Honest Medicine for La Grippe.

George W. Waite, of South Gardiner, Me., says: "I have had the worst cough, cold, chills and grip and have taken lots of trash of no account but profit to the vendor. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the only thing that has done any good whatever. I have used one bottle of it and the chills, cold and grip have all left me. I congratulate the manufacturers of an honest medicine." For sale by Mrs. J. H. Keller, Linden Hall; J. F. Smith, Centre Hall.

Summer Normal.

A Summer Normal and Academic term will open Monday, April 15th, at Boalsburg and continue for eight weeks. Teachers, preparatory students for college, and others, will find the course adapted to their respective needs. JAS. C. BRYSON,
apr15 Principal.

Mrs. C. E Van Deusen, of Kilbourn, Wis., was afflicted with stomach trouble and constipation for a long time. She says, "I have tried many preparations but none have done me the good that Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets have." These Tablets are for sale by Mrs. J. H. Keller, Linden Hall; J. F. Smith, Centre Hall. Price 25 cents. Samples free.

GRAIN MARKET.

Wheat	70
Rye	40
Corn	45
New Oats	30
Barley	40

PRODUCE AT STORES.

Butter	16
Eggs	10
Lard	7½
Potatoes	47
Side Meat	07
Shoulder	8
Ham	12

SPRING MILLS GRAIN MARKET.

Corrected every Wednesday by Allison Bros.

Wheat	70
Corn	45
Oats	30
Rye	40
Barley	38

LINDEN HALL MARKET.

Corrected weekly by J. H. Ross.

Wheat, red	70
Wheat, white	70
Corn, ears	45
Shelled Corn	50
Rye	40
Oats, new	25
Barley	30
New Potatoes	40
Eggs	12
Butter	16

CELERY KING
NATURE'S CURE
TRADE MARK

Dangerous Kidney Diseases.

Celery King has cured me of kidney disease. The doctor feared Bright's disease, and tried many remedies that gave me no help. Celery King has made me as well as ever in my life, and it seems almost as though a miracle had been wrought in my case.—Jennie O. Reichard, Springtown, Pa.

Celery King cures Constipation and Nerve, Stomach, Liver and Kidney diseases. 4

Sold by J. F. Smith, Centre Hall; F. E. Wieland Linden Hall; G. H. Long, Spring Mills.

Spring Mills, Pa.
P. V. S. STORE.

Spring Shoes in the latest styles in Russet and Patent Leather for Men, Ladies and Misses are in stock.

It will pay you to call before buying elsewhere and get our prices on shoes.

C. A. KRAPE.

Unskilled mechanics blame their tools for doing unmechanical work. Our tools were never in such hands.

The work turned out of this shop is mechanical in appearance and in reality. We are prepared to do

Repair Work of Every Description.

Parts of machinery which you may think are broken for good, can often be mended and both time and money saved.

Now is the time to have your buggies and wagons repaired and repainted.

New Work of all Kinds Done to Order.

Work is positively guaranteed.

Our prices are very reasonable.

Give us a call.

W. A. HENNEY.

Livery . . . .

. . . . D. A. BOOZER
Centre Hall, Pa. - - -

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division and Northern Central Railway.

Time Table, in effect March 18, 1901.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON, EASTWARD

7.32 a. m.—Train 61. Week days for Sunbury, Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 12.10 a. m., New York 2.13 p. m., Baltimore 12.10 p. m., Washington 1.15 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.27 a. m.—Train 39. Daily for Sunbury Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Harrisburg and intermediate stations. Week days for Scranton, Hazleton, and Pottsville. Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Washington. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

1.35 p. m.—Train 12. Weekdays for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.23 p. m., New York 9.30 p. m., Baltimore, 6.00 p. m. Washington at 7.15 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

5.01 p. m.—Train 32. Weekdays for Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazleton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10.20 p. m., New York 3.33 a. m., Baltimore 2.45 p. m. Washington 10.55 p. m. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.11 p. m.—Train 6. Daily for Sunbury Harrisburg and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia, 4.25 a. m. New York at 7.13 a. m., Baltimore, 2.30 a. m., Washington, 4.05 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

2.28 a. m.—Train 4 daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and points east and south, arriving at Philadelphia 6.52 a. m., New York 9.33 a. m. (10.38 a. m. Sundays.) Baltimore 7.20 a. m., Washington 8.40 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars and passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Washington.

WESTWARD.

5.33 a. m.—Train 3. (Daily) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, and intermediate stations, with passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester. Week days for DuBois, Bellefonte, and Pittsburg. On Sundays only Pullman sleepers to Rochester.

10.00 a. m.—Train 31. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and weekdays for Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.31 p. m.—Train 61. Weekdays for Kane, Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua and intermediate stations, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Rochester.

6.35 p. m.—Train 1. Week days for Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

8.57 p. m.—Train 67. Weekdays for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

9.10 p. m.—Train 9 1 Sunday only, for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS FOR MONTANDON FROM EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 31 leaves New York 12.10 night, Philadelphia 4.25 a m, Baltimore 4.10 a m, Harrisburg 7.35 a m, daily, Wilkesbarre, 7.30 a. m. Week-days arriving at Montandon 10.05 a m.

Train 61 leaves Philadelphia 8.30 a m, Washington 7.50 a m, Baltimore, 8.40 a m, Wilkesbarre 10.55 a m, week days, arriving at Montandon 1.31 p m, with parlor car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore

Train 1 leaves New York 1.25 a m, Phila., 12.25 p m; Washington at 10.50 a m, Baltimore at 11.45 a m, Wilkesbarre 2.15 p m, arriving at Montandon at 6.05 p m, week days, with through passenger coaches from Phila. and Baltimore

Train 67 leaves New York, 1.55 p. m. Philadelphia 4.26 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Baltimore 4.35 p m daily, Wilkesbarre, 6.00 p m, (week days) arriving at Montandon 8.57 p m. Through Parlor Car from Philadelphia, and passenger coach from Philadelphia and Washington

Train 3 leaves New York at 7.55 p m, Philadelphia 11.20 p m, Washington 10.40 p m, Baltimore, 11.41 p m, (daily) arriving at Montandon at 5.23 a m, with through Pullman sleeping car from Philadelphia and through passenger coaches from Philadelphia and Baltimore

Train 221, Sunday only, leaves New York 1.55 p. m., Philadelphia 4.35 p. m, Washington 3.3 p. m., Baltimore 4.35 p. m., arriving at Montandon 9.10 p m.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.

Week days.

Westward. P M	A.M.	STATIONS.	Eastward. A M	P M
1 38	6 30	Montandon	9 15	4 55
1 45	6 39	Lewisburg	9 05	4 47
1 55	6 58	Biehl	8 58	4 39
1 57	6 42	Vicksburg	8 56	4 35
2 05	6 50	Mifflinburg	8 45	4 27
2 16	7 02	Millmont	8 33	4 16
2 23	7 09	Glen Iron	8 26	4 08
2 51	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 43
3 02	7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 32
3 08	7 57	Zerby	7 43	3 25
3 17	8 05	Rising Spring	7 35	3 17
3 23	8 11	Penn Cave	7 28	3 10
3 30	8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	3 02
3 35	8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 55
3 42	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 48
3 46	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 43
3 56	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 38
3 59	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 34
4 06	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 24
4 09	8 55	Axemann	6 45	2 21
4 10	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 15

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a m, 7.18 a. m., 9.45 a m, 1.15 5.50 and 8.00 p. m. returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.55, 9.30 a. m, 10.03 a. m. 5.05, 8.08 p m, and 8.15 p m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.28 and 10.01 a m and 5.02 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9.30 a. m., 10.03 a.m. and 5.05 p. m.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, J. W. WOOD
General Manager. Gen'l Pass'ger Agt.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.

Condensed Time Table.

Read Down No. 1	No 3	No 5	Nov. 21, 1900.	Read Up. No 6	No 4	No 2
a. m	p. m.	p.m.	Lv. Ar.	p. m.	p. m.	a. m.
†7 10	†2 40	¶6 30	BELLEFONTE	9 02	5 10	9 40
7 22	2 52	6 42	Nigh	8 49	4 57	9 27
7 28	2 58	6 48	Zion	8 43	4 51	9 21
7 33	3 03	6 53	Hecla Park	8 38	4 46	9 16
7 39	3 05	6 55	Dunkles	8 36	4 44	9 14
7 39	3 09	6 59	HUBLERSB'G	8 32	4 40	9 10
7 43	3 13	7 03	Snydertown	8 28	4 36	9 06
7 46	3 16	7 06	Nittany	8 25	4 33	9 03
7 48	3 18	7 09	Huston	8 22	4 30	9 00
7 51	3 21	7 12	LAMAR	8 19	4 27	8 57
7 53	3 23	7 15	Clintondale	8 16	4 24	8 54
7 57	3 27	7 19	Krider's S'p g.	8 12	4 19	8 49
8 02	3 32	7 24	Mackeyville	8 06	4 13	8 43
8 08	3 38	7 30	Cedar Springs	7 59	4 07	8 37
8 10	3 40	7 32	Salona	7 57	4 05	8 35
8 15	3 45	7 37	MILL HALL	†7 52	¶4 00	8 30
11 45	8 16		Jersey Shore	3 25		7 55
12 20	8 4	Arr.	Wm'PO'T Lve	†2 50		†7 21
†12 34	*11 50	Lve	Wm'PO'T Arr.	2 30		*6 58
8 29	7 09		PHILA	¶8 36		*11 36
			Atlantic City			
			NEW YORK (Via Tamecua.)			
*10 40	†9 30		NEW YORK (Via Phila.)	¶4 30		¶9 00
p. m	a. m.	Arr	Lve.	a. m		p. m.

*Daily. †Week Days. ¶6 00 p. m. Sunday. ‡10 10 a. m. Sunday.

Philadelphia Sleeping Cars attached to Eastbound train from Williamsport at 11 30 p m and West-bound from Philadelphia at 11.36 p. m.

J. W. GEPHART,
General Superintendent.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.

To take effect May 25, 1896.

EASTWARD. 12¼	8¼	2¼	STATIONS. Ar.	Lv.	WESTWARD 1¼	7¼	11¼
PM	PM	AM			A M	AM	PM
6 30	1 10	8 45		Bellefonte	6 30	10 30	4 21
6 20	1 02	8 40		Coleville	6 37	10 37	4 26
6 16	12 58	8 37		Morris	6 40	10 42	4 30
6 10	12 54	8 35		Whitmer	6 44	10 47	4 33
6 05	12 49	8 31		Hunters	6 50	10 53	4 38
6 02	12 46	8 28		Fillmore	6 53	10 56	4 42
5 57	12 41	8 24		Brialy	7 00	11 02	4 47
5 53	12 37	8 20		Waddle	7 05	11 05	4 52
5 50	12 35	8 18		Scotia Crossing	7 08	11 08	4 54
5 36	12 26	8 07		Krumrine	7 17	11 20	5 03
5 33	12 24	8 04		Struble	7 20	11 24	5 08
5 31	12 22	8 02		Inn	7 28	11 28	5 08
5 30	12 20	8 00		State College	7 30	11 30	5 10

Morning trains from Montandon, Williamsport Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 7 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon, Lewisburg and Tyrone connect with Train No. 11 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna. R. R. trains at Bellefonte.

‡Daily except Sunday.

F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

Letter and note heads, bill heads, statements, with all lines of office stationery, neatly and cheaply done at the Reporter printing house.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

March 28, 1901.

MR. GILLILAND'S ADDRESS.

"The Regular Hunting Club" is Dined by James S. Reish.

Friday of last week James S. Reish, proprietor of the Potters Mills hotel, dined "The Regular Hunting Club" of which he is a member. The participants are unable to express their delight with the host's entertainment.

The following address prepared by Joseph M. Gilliland, of New Bloomfield, was read by one of the members present;

Members of the Old Regular Hunting Club,
Ladies and Gentlemen:

To me, as the oldest living member of our club, as now organized, the very pleasant duty of preparing a brief history of our organization has been assigned. This Hunting Club had its origin sixty-eight years ago. In the year 1833 the Palmers, Gillilands, James Hayes and Wm. Esken formed a party to hunt for deer in Clinton Co., Pa., in a range of mountains in the lower end of Sugar Valley, extending to near the river at Milton. This party continued their hunt each fall in the mountains of Clinton county and in that part of the Alleghenevs embraced in the western part of Centre and Clearfield counties until about the year 1850. Prior to this time deer were almost unknown in the Seven Mountains, but as the native panther and wolf began to retreat before civilization, deer became more plentiful in this range and from this time on these pioneer hunters confined their huntings to the Seven Mountains.

About the year 1850 the McClinticks became members of this party; some time later, possibly in 1854, Henry Fry joined them, and in the fall of 1865, thirty-six years ago, your humble servant became a member. D R. Sweetwood joined the party the following year—the fall of 1866; Samuel Farner came next, then Thomas Palmer, followed by Rev. George W. Bouse, John Wilkinson, Sr., Samuel McClintick, John Wilkinson, Jr., Edward Allison, Harvey Musser, William Hartman and Frank Meyer, coming down to the present membership of the club. Enough has been said to convince you that we rank as the oldest organization of hunters in central Penn'a.

The liberal, broad-minded spirit which has always characterized this organization has had very much to do with starting other hunting parties. In our earlier history we never refused to take with us any who were inclined to hunt; we taught them the range of our mountains, showed them our crossings, and taught them how to hunt; thus other organizations have sprung into existence through our liberality. Allow me to note one other characteristic of this famous club, and that is our reputation for honor amongst other hunters. Never in our history have we been accused of taking any game which was not ours by right. Indeed I can recall several instances in which we gave up our right in game to others, thus putting into practice that Scriptural injunction "It is more blessed to give than to receive."

In this day and age we have much accidental shooting amongst hunters. In our history, covering a period of sixty-eight years, but one accident has occurred. On the 10th day of November, 1869, it was my misfortune to lose the index finger of my left hand by the accidental discharge of my rifle while standing on the crossing about one and a half miles southwest of Potters' Mills. In December of that same fall Solomon Palmer was lost while hunting with this party on the Big Flat, near the head of the Kettle. There was quite a deep snow on the ground at the time, and very cold weather. He spent the night near the west end of Slate Ridge without fire, as he had no matches; he found his way to Hiram Ross' in Stone Valley the following day, which was the Sabbath. On Monday he was taken by sleigh to Pine Grove Mills, where he took the stage on Tuesday morning for Centre Hall, arriving at his home at James McClintick's, near Centre Hill, the same evening.

A word as to our success: We are not only the oldest organization of hunters in the state, but we have killed more game than any other party I am very sorry no record has been kept of game killed, but I believe 300 or more deer would be a very conservative estimate.

We have had many noted marksmen among our number, men skilled in handling the rifle. Pardon me when I refer to several of these who are still living and of our number, although far advanced in years and somewhat enfeebled. D. R. Sweetwood, during the years ranging from 1868 to 1880, was considered by all who knew him the finest rifle shot in the country. For keenness of vision and steadiness of nerve he has never been excelled; his skill was simply marvelous; more than one buck has he caused to bite the dust at a range from eight to fifteen hundred yards. Harvey Musser, in his younger days, was a noted running shot; his reputation for quickness in handling a rifle extended throughout the state. I recall one instance in which he shot two magnificent bucks, one with each barrel of his rifle before either one reached the ground after the first jump from where they lay. Those

One other marked feature of this club remains to be spoken of, and that is their fondness for fun. No other organization that I have any knowledge of can compare with us for real enjoyment and a rollicking good time. My memory carries me back to some of our old camping grounds—Slate Ridge, Kettle Gap, Spring-house Field, Underwood's saw mill, the post pile and others. My imagination pictures some of the famous crossings—Indian Path Big Break, Tan Kill, Sand Kettle, Grass Mountain, Hessick's Path and Crow Field. Oh what recollections they recall and what scenes pass before the mind's eye! I hear the bang! bang! bang! all along the line, followed by the cry "all right!" and then the cheering begins until the echo reverberates from mountain to mountain; then the meeting around the dead buck with his mighty antlers! Who can describe the scene! Language fails me; it baffles all description. One who has not passed through experiences of this kind knows nothing about real fun. And then the gathering to camp after the day's hunt! The supper! How can I describe it? Such boiled cabbage and baked beans! No bill of fare at any hotel on the American Continent can compare with it. After supper a recital of the day's sport followed by the Governor's possum story, and then the fun begins. But I must hasten on. A word to the younger men of our club: To you gentlemen, has been left a blessed heritage. Our achievements in the past are worthy of emulation. Do nothing to bring dishonor upon our fair name. Strive to keep our organization in the future what it has been in the past—a party of honorable gentlemen—and as the oldest members grow feeble with advancing years, continue to take them along to camp, although the step may have become slow, the ear dull and the eye dim, honor them for their past record and help to make their declining years bright and cheerful, and when the last chase has been made, the last shot fired, may they rest in peace on the "Happy Hunting Grounds Across the River."

I feel that in writing this brief history my duty will not be fulfilled without making some mention of our noble ladies. To you, mothers, wives and daughters, we owe very much, for lo, these many years, you have been contributing your full share to the success of this honored club. The well filled boxes of magnificent bread, pies and cakes that have filled our commissary at camp for years speak your praise in no uncertain sound. Your remaining at home caring for the little ones and the interests of the home while Dave and John and Joe and Bill and Sam and Tom were in camp having a glorious good time meant sacrifice on your part. Many an uneasy hour have you spent for fear some loved one would meet with an accident while on the chase. For this noble sacrifice we honor you to-night. May your remaining pathway through life be strewn with [illegible] when huntings and campings are at an [illegible] of you be permitted to wear a queenly crown.

J. M. GILLILAND

New Bloomfield, Pa., Mar. 18, 1901.

The Newport Ledger says: It is the present intention of Morrow Bros., Iron Founders and Machinists, to move their business from this place to Burnham, Mifflin county. In an interview with one of the firm it is learned that if they go new buildings will be erected at that place and their business conducted more extensively. If they locate at Burnham they are promised much work from the Baldwin Locomotive Works.

Headache often results from a disordered condition of the stomach and constipation of the bowels. A dose or two of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets will correct these disorders and cure the headache. Sold by Mrs. J. H. Keller, Linden Hall; J. F. Smith, Centre Hall.

R. D. FOREMAN. WM. F. FLORAY

FOREMAN & FLORAY

(Successors to Geo. W. Ocker.)

—DEALERS IN—

Grain, Coal, Flour, Mill Feed, Salt, Fertilizers, Farming Implements, &c.

We pay the highest cash prices the market will afford for all kinds of grain, and at the same time will offer you goods as mentioned above at the lowest possible prices consistent with the quality of goods.

We make a specialty of

FLOUR

and carry in stock the best brands to be obtained anywhere, including both winter and spring wheat varieties.

In the line of farm implements we offer only the best, including Champion Binders and Mowers, Superior Grain Drills and Bucher & Gibbs

Imperial, Plows - - -

Spring Tooth Harrows and One-horse Cultivators. The Champion Binders and Mowers, as well as the Superior Drills, have an established reputation for durability, lightness of draft, ease of operation, and perfection of work. Bucher & Gibbs' Plows have been popular since 1830, as the best general purpose plow made. Shares for these plows always on hand. These shares come direct from the factory and are far superior to the home-made ones, both in fit and quality of material.

We most respectfully solicit at least a share of your patronage.

Smith, the Photographer.

W. W. Smith, the Photographer, wishes you to sit for photos Friday of this week at his gallery at Centre Hall.

Business Stand for Sale.

W. W. Boob, of Centre Hall, offers for sale his private residence, business place, and established retail carriage and wagon hardware trade. This is a first-class stand for any one wanting to carry a general line of hardware in addition to the above. The established trade in bicycles, plumbing supplies, etc., will be included in the deal. The location is the best to be had in the town. Satisfactory reason will be given for selling. This will be a good opportunity for a hustler who will act quick.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.

Mileage Tickets Reduced.

One thousand mile tickets, good over the whole system of the Seaboard Air Line Railway, including the State of Florida, and sold at $25 00, previously sold in Florida at $30 00, and are honored between Washington and Richmond, and by the Baltimore Steam Packet Company between Baltimore and Portsmouth, over "Bay Line."

Pinehurst And Southern Pines, N. C. Improved Through Pullman Service via Seaboard Air Line Railway.

The Seaboard Air Line Railroad is now operating through drawing-room sleeping cars from New York to Southern Pines and Washington to Pinehurst, N. C. These famous health and pleasure resorts are model New England towns nestled among the pine-clad sand hills of North Carolina, only eighteen hours from New York City. The finest and largest hotels in the State, with numerous private cottages and first-class boarding houses. Every variety of out door sports, with the finest eighteen hole golf links in the south. Trains leave New York, 23rd Street Station, Pennsylvania Railroad, 12:10 A. M. and 12:55 P. M., and Washington 8:35 A. M. and 6:55 P. M. For information and tickets address Chas. L. Longsdorf, New England Passenger Agent, 306 Washington Street, Boston, Mass.; J. C. Horton, Eastern Passenger Agent, 1206 Broadway, New York; W. M. McConnell, General Agent, 1434 New York Avenue, Washington, D. C., or R. E. L. Bunch, General Passenger Agent, Portsmouth, Va.

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JOHN S. AUMAN,

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Pillsbury Flour and John S. Auman Brand

are the best on the market.

BRAN, SHORTS, CHOP & MIDDLINGS

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Custom chopping done at all times.

☞ Highest prices paid for all kinds of grain.

Here we are again with a full line of Spring goods. A full line of

LADIES' FANCY DRESS GOODS,

EMBROIDERIES, LAWNS

AND DRESS TRIMMINGS.

ALSO A FULL LINE OF

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

HATS, CAPS, ETC.

In fact we have everything you can usually find in a country store.

We also sell Scull's Golden Blend Coffee at 2 lbs. for 25 cents.

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Spring Mills, . . . Pa

5¢ WILL BUY A PATHFINDER CIGAR

SOLD UNDER THOMAS J. HUNT NOTARY PUBLIC PHILADELPHIA PA BONA FIDE GUARANTEE

ASK THE MAN BEHIND THE CASE

W. K. GRESH & SONS. MAKERS.

We have a small lot of

Woolen Blankets

left at reduced prices. Also a small lot of

HORSE BLANKETS

at reduced prices. A few

DUCK -:- COATS

also in stock that will be sold very reasonable.

...A fine line of...

Heavy Winter Shoes

at very low prices.

KREAMER & SON.

Clean Linen.

Nothing is more suggestive of the gentleman than clean linen. Give your shirts, cuffs and collars to Wm. McCoy Wolf and have them laundered at the Bellefonte Steam Laundry.

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ED. F. FOREMAN, Centre Hall, Penn'a.

HANDLES all grades of roofing slates. Estimates made per square. Work done by experienced mechanics. Slate is as cheap as shingles and far superior. 19dec1y.

L. L. SMITH, Agent for . .

Glenwood Nursery, Rochester, New York.

will call on you before long and if you wish to purchase fruit trees, berry bushes, vines, bulbs, or anything grown by nurserymen, you will find he has both the best stock and lowest prices. He also sells the ROCHESTER SPRAY PUMP, the best of the kind made 13dec

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and it is going out by wagon and by railroad. It is impossible to enumerate what we have in stock. It will show for itself. This is why it goes so fast. The price is down at the foot of it all. Before buying elsewhere give me a call.

J. S. DAUBERMAN,

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Our stock of FURNITURE was never so complete as at the present time and consists of

Chamber Suits of all descriptions, Couches, Rockers, Morris chairs, Ladies' Writing Desks, Sideboards, Wardrobes, Cribs, Chiffoniers, Large Mirrors, clocks, Fine Rugs, Etc., Etc.

These goods will be sold during the next 30 days at reduced rates.

☞ DON'T MISS SEEING THEM. ☜

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"New Rival," "Leader," "Repeater."

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Factory Loaded Shotgun Shells.

"New Rival" loaded with Black powders. "Leader" and "Repeater" loaded with Smokeless powders. Insist upon having them, take no others, and you will get the best shells that money can buy.

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Old subscribers to the Reporter who have paid a year's subscription to the present management of this paper can secure the World one year for sixty-five (65) cents. That puts all paid up subscribers to the Reporter on an equal footing. The regular price of the World is $1.00 cash in advance. The regular price of the Centre Reporter is $1.00 cash in advance. The two can be had for $1.65.

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Newly equipped, bar and table supplied with the best. Summer boarders receive special attention, and can find no healthier locality. Central for fishing and hunting. may697

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Rates $1.00 per Day. Newly Furnished
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Fine Stabling. Heated Throughout.
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Opposite Court House,
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New building, new furniture throughout, steam heat, electric bells and all modern improvements. Good table and moderate charges.

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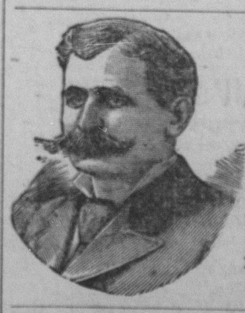

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DR. SMITH SALVE for all kinds of sores. Nothing fails to yield. Sent by mail The DR. SMITH CO., Centre Hall, Pa. 25 cents.

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Making Room

FOR Spring Goods, so come and get your share of the bargains. These are a few of the articles: Men's and Boys' 50 cent Caps go for 45 cents; 25 cent caps for 22 cents; Bed Blankets that were $1.25 go for $1.00. OVERCOATS AT COST. Also bear in mind that we have a nice line of SPRING GOODS in now to select from when you are getting great bargains in winter goods.

Onr Shoe Line Cannot be Beaten
Neither can our Full Line of Spring Goods,

Remember we are selling high grade Flour at remarkable prices. Don't buy your Spring goods until you examine our stock, as you may be sorry if you fail to get these bargains elsewhere. We are at the right location—at the CENTRE HALL STATION.

J. F. SMITH, Prop.

CENTRE HALL

CARRIAGE WORKS.

We manufacture all grades of Buggy Tops, Cushions and Fullbacks, with or without springs. Old Tops and Cushions repaired at very reasonable prices.

Woodwork and Repainting

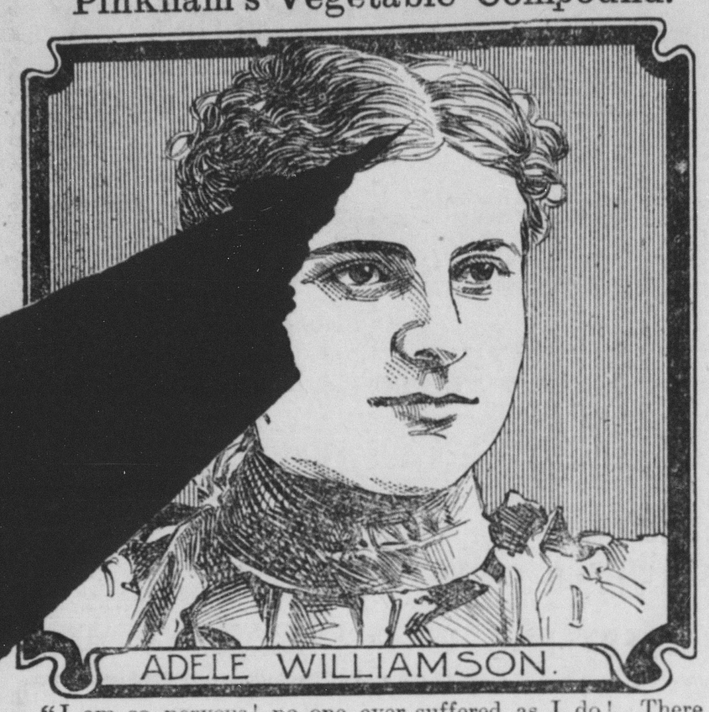
is given prompt and special attention. Our prices are as low as the lowest and the work is done with first class stock and by good mechanics. Satisfaction guaranteed. Give us a chance to estimate on your job before placing your order elsewhere.

N. B.—We still have one of those first-class new hand-made Top Buggies, with leather trimings, spring cushion and back, that we offer at a great sacrifice price until April 12.

J. T. LEE,
Centre Hall, - Penn'a.

Nervous Prostration.

A Noted Boston Woman Describes its Symptoms and Terrors.—Two Severe Cases Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



ADELE WILLIAMSON.

"I am so nervous! no one ever suffered as I do! There isn't a well inch in my body. I honestly believe my lungs are diseased, my chest pains me so, but I have no cough. I am so weak at my stomach, and have indigestion terribly, and palpitation of the heart; am losing flesh; and this headache and backache nearly kills me, and yesterday I had hysterics.

"There is a weight in the lower part of my bowels, bearing down all the time, with pains in my groins and thighs—I can't sleep, walk, or sit, and blue—oh goodness! I am simply the most miserable of women."

This is a most vivid description of a woman suffering with nervous prostration, caused by inflammation or some other diseased condition of the womb.

No woman should allow herself to reach such a perfection of misery when there is no need of it. Read about Miss Williamson's case and how she was cured.

Two Bad Cases of Nervous Prostration Cured.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM;—I was suffering such tortures from nervous prostration that life was a burden. I could not sleep at all, and was too weak to walk across the floor. My heart was affected so that often I could not lie down at all without almost suffocating. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and it worked like magic. I feel that your medicine has been of inestimable benefit to me."

MISS ADELE WILLIAMSON,
196 N. Boulevard, Atlanta, Ga.

"I had nervous prostration terribly, caused by female weakness. I suffered everything; was unable to eat, sleep, or work. After a while I was induced to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I really began to improve on taking the first bottle. I continued to take the medicine, and am now better in every way, and feel like a different person. I am simply a well woman."

MRS. DELLA KEISER,
Marienville, Pa.

$5000 REWARD.—We have deposited with the National City Bank of Lynn, $5000, which will be paid to any person who can find that the above testimonial letters are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writer's special permission. LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO.

No crop can be grown without Potash. Supply *enough* Potash and your profits will be large; without Potash your crop will be "scrubby."

Our books telling about composition of fertilizers best adapted for all crops, are free to all farmers.

GERMAN KALI WORKS,
93 Nassau St., New York.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup Safest, surest cure for all throat and lung troubles. People praise it. Doctors prescribe it. Quick, sure results. Refuse substitutes. Get Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

SEAFARING MEN KNOW THE VALUE OF TOWER'S

FISH BRAND OILED CLOTHING
IT WILL KEEP YOU DRY IN THE WETTEST WEATHER
LOOK FOR ABOVE TRADE MARK ON SALE EVERYWHERE
CATALOGUES FREE
SHOWING FULL LINE OF GARMENTS AND HATS.
A. J. TOWER CO., BOSTON, MASS.

"The Sauce that made West Point famous."
McILHENNY'S TABASCO.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION

Why He Remarried Quickly.

A granger was in the Union Station the other day, and was telling of an occurrence on his farm. One of his employes was a German. He was a hard-working, honest and conscientious man, and was married. His wife was taken sick and finally died, the husband, of course, leaving his work for several days in consequence. Two weeks later he appeared at the house of his employer and asked to be relieved from work for a couple of days, when the following conversation took place:

"I vould like to get off for about two tays."

"I can't spare you unless it is absolutely necessary. You know you lost several days two weeks ago, and we are getting behind in the work. What is your necessity for getting off?" inquired the farmer.

"Vell, I vas to be married."

"Why, Fritz, your wife died only two weeks ago, and now you are about to get married again. I do not understand that."

"Vell," replied the German, "I don't hold spite long."

The farmer dismissed the case without prejudice.

PUTNAM'S FADELESS DYE produces the fastest and brightest colors of any known dye stuff. Sold by all druggists.

Kansas City, Mo., is to have a big banana warehouse, large enough to hold twenty-five car loads.

Love may laugh at the locksmith, but never at the goldsmith.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever. Nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh), that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Circulars sent free. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Even the fellow who rides a hobby stands a chance of being thrown.

Indigestion is a bad companion. Get rid of it by chewing a bar of Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti after each meal.

A horse may be driven, but pencils are usually lead.

GARDEN AND FARM

PROPER FOOD FOR EWES.

Ewes that are providing for young lambs should not be kept on grain and hay only. Turnips, carrots, or even ensilage, will be found excellent for promoting the milk yield, and keeping the animals thrifty. The young lamb that receives an abundant supply of milk will get into market early and bring a good price.

COAL ASHES ON SANDY LAND.

Coal ashes, if scattered over sandy land, will tend to make the soil heavier. They do not possess any fertilizing value of consequence, but may sometimes prove beneficial in preventing the attacks of some kinds of insects. Used for mulching currant and gooseberry bushes coal ashes have been found of advantage in protecting against currant worms.

WHEN TO PLOW THE GROUND.

Plowing cannot be done too early, as it will soon be time to get the land ready for corn. If plowing is done before frost is gone, provided the weather will permit, the frost will assist in reducing the lumps. A good corn crop largely depends upon the condition of the ground. The better it is prepared the less liability to damage from drought.

WHEN TO APPLY FERTILIZERS.

The application of fertilizers should be made under the most favorable circumstances, if possible. The loss from rains and snows is less when the fertilizer is incorporated with the soil. When broad-casted on the surface by hand there may be too much applied in places and an insufficiency in others. The use of a fertilizer drill will give good results when using fertilizer at time of drilling seeds, but a harrow on the surface, after broadcasting the fertilizer, will aid in more evenly distributing it in the soil.

TO DESTROY CABBAGE WORMS.

One of the remedies to keep in view when the early cabbages are growing is the use of pyrethrum for destroying cabbage worms. Paris green is used by some, but it is a dangerous article in the hands of the inexperienced. The safest remedy is to mix a pound of the ground leaves of pyrethrum with 100 gallons of water and apply with an ordinary rose sprinkler. It kills every young worm that it touches. It is harmless to human beings. Any druggist can supply it.

KEEPING CABBAGES IN WINTER.

Cabbage is easily kept all winter by being buried in the ground head downward. Select the most firm heads, cut off the root smoothly and pack them in piles much as apples, turnips or similar things are treated. When removed, a few leaves may be found spoiled, and it will be necessary to thoroughly cleanse the whole head, tearing off each leaf before boiling the head, as a small brown worm, easily detected, is liable to work its way in amongst the leaves. The flavor is perhaps not quite as fine as when the heads are fresh, but the lover of cabbage will readily excuse this in order to get a right good dish at such a season.

FATTENING OLD CATTLE.

A writer in American Gardening says that a nursery firm in Kalamazoo county, Mich., bought 80 cattle, mostly cows, which they propose to feed and fatten. They expect to get some returns from milk made and sold, and a margin of profit from the sale of cattle when they are well fattened, but their chief object is to obtain a large amount of rich cow manure to fertilize their land. They hope to get it for their labor, if not some money beside, and that the labor will not be any more than they have heretofore expended in drawing home manure from where they bought it. Yet some agricultural writers say we should not try to fatten an old cow, as the price of cow beef is low, and it costs more to feed her than she could be sold for. We suspect that they never tried fattening by grain feeding during the summer when the animals were in pasture, but that they tried to fatten too quickly with no succulent food, and did not continue the process long enough to obtain even the best cow beef prices. We think farmers can make a better profit in this way from the cows which do not show well under the Babcock test, or do not give milk enough to be profitable, than in any other way.

THE BREEDING STOCK IN WINTER

I wish to ask what authority is there for the assertion that winter laying interferes with good results in the breeding season, or that the early winter layer is not an all-summer layer of fertile eggs? From analogy, it would be as sensible to declare that the heifer with first calf at an early age would be a failure in the dairy at a more mature period of her life. The Jersey as a breed and the average individual of all breeds nearly always refutes this theory. I cultivate with my hens the habit of laying early winter eggs and laying all winter. As soon as a pullet or hen commences to lay I place a band on her leg. In this way, from the number on the band, I know which hens lay and when, and I never band a hen that starts laying after January.

I find the hen that lays in November and December is the hen that lays in April, June, September and October. My eggs never run lower than 90 per cent. fertile and usually above 90 per cent. The only exceptions to this have been where I could readily trace the fault to some known and definite defect in the health of the individuals. Give free range, keep few male birds, say one to twenty or forty females, and feed well, are my rules for procuring good results in breeding. I know this is contrary to fanciers' ideas, but it is so much the worse for the ideas.—J. E. Taylor, in New England Homestead.

SOME REQUISITES FOR CALF FEEDING.

Always keep the calf pens dry and clean, using plenty of litter. A dirty pen is conducive to scours. For several calves fed together, fit up narrow stalls at one side of the pen and fasten each calf by a rope or stanchion to feed each separately. This will prevent the stronger calves from getting more than their share. Keep them fastened or tied for half an hour after eating to prevent their sucking each others' ears. The pails used for feeding milk should be thoroughly cleaned and scalded with boiling water each day.

WHAT TREES AND SHRUBS TO PLANT.

Select the varieties that are known to do well in the locality rather than take the advice of any one from a distance, and especially is this advice good if the success has been on soils and exposures similar to your own. It is true that there are varieties that can be planted in almost any part of the country, for they endure all kinds of climate and most kinds of soils and exposures. But in the more exposed places, or rather in the colder sections, varieties are few that can be planted over a wide area with certainty of success. Yet the fact remains that there are enough successes in most parts of the country to be a guide for those seeking information.

Varieties of apples should be chosen that will cover the entire season, and this is now easily done under good conditions for keeping fruit over winter. It is true that the matter of keeping fruits has been neglected in recent years, because of the prevalent notion that modern cold storage methods would revolutionize the whole business, while caves, fruit houses and even cellars have been neglected, and all because there was a belief that this new method would take the place of the old way. The farmer might refuse to build a hay barn under the mistaken notion that the silo is soon to take the place of the haymow. This reference is not made with an idea that there is a similarity in the illustration, further than to try to show the impracticability of the new method as applied to the keeping of fruit for the home, for the cold storage plant is too expensive, if not entirely impracticable for the small operations on the average farm, while the cave, if properly constructed, will be found a cheap and effective method of carrying over the necessary late fruits until the time of use, or sale in case there is a surplus.—American Agriculturist.

USE OF DYNAMITE IN TREE PLANTING.

The most practical way to prepare a site for planting fruit or ornamental trees on heavy clay, hard, dry or even wet, soggy soils, is by the use of a small charge of dynamite for each tree. I have practiced this method for a number of years with grand success and at an expense of not to exceed ten cents for each tree. I begin by shoveling away the earth where the tree is to be planted, from a space three to five feet in diameter, and from ten to twenty inches deep, or until I reach the hardpan or dry, hard earth. In the centre of this excavation I make a hole about two feet deep, with a crowbar or post auger. At the bottom of this I place a small portion of a stick of dynamite, to which is attached a cap and fuse. I stamp clay in firmly above the dynamite and set off the charge.

The explosion will loosen and shatter the most compact clay bed or dry, hard substance that underlies any soil from five to ten feet in diameter, the depth of course depending upon the amount of dynamite used. In ordinary cases two or four ounces is sufficient to make a splendid tree bed. It does not throw the soil completely out but loosens and mellows it so the roots and the moisture will penetrate to a greater depth. It prevents injury from drouth or drowning, or water soaking. The trees root deeply and are little affected by winter drouth or winter freezing. Deep roots make a safe anchor against winds and storms. By loosening and distributing minerals and plant foods that were otherwise unattainable, the production and maturing of a much greater wood and fruit growth is secured than is possible by the ordinary method of shallow planting, or rather of planting in shallow holes. On hard lands and in climates subject to cold, dry winters, this practice is invaluable, and the benefits are inestimable and should be enjoyed by everyone. I am of the opinion that greater benefits can be secured by shooting up the sites in the fall preceding the planting of the trees.—A. D. Barnes, in American Agriculturist.

Government in the Insurance Business.

The German government not only sells life insurance to its subjects, but it requires those who earn less than a certain amount to be insured against illness and old age.

Each Londoner on an average receives two letters a week.

JOKERS BUDGET

HE GETS MORE LISTENERS.

The man who on some fine effect
His time and skilfulness employs
Will find himself in grim neglect,
Compared to one who makes a noise.

The artist with the violin
May sound a melody sublime,
But he who stirs the bass drum's din
Will get more listeners every time.
—Washington Star.

HER GENTLE ANSWER.

"I suppose you'll be telling people I'm a fool."

"No, dear. There are some things we ust keep to ourselves."—Tit-Bits.

HENCE THE RING.

Spectator—What gives that man's words such a metallic ring?

Proprietor of Museum—That is the man with the iron jaw.—Harlem Life.

HE TOOK THE ADVICE.

"The doctor says you ought to take life easier—to enjoy yourself more."

"All right; I'll go take a trip on this money which I had saved to pay on his bill."—Chicago Record.

MANIFESTATIONS OF GRAY MATTER.

"Am I as intelligent as your other young man, Dolly?"

"Well, you quote more poetry than he does, but I think he beats you on neckties."—Chicago Record.

HE FORGAVE HER.

Mrs. N. Peck—I made you what you are, William.

W. N. Peck—Well, I'll forgive you. Now, don't worry any more, dear!—Norristown Herald.

IT DEPENDS ON THE YOUNG WOMAN.

She (after the proposal)—Are you in favor of a long or short engagement?

He—If you can cook I'm in favor of a short one. If you can't, we had better make it long enough to enable you to learn.—Ohio State Journal.

THE SWEET THING.

Roslyn—I have brought you a box of chocolates. Have you a sweet tooth, Miss Lovedove?

Miss Lovedove (naively)—Yes, and it has quite a cavity for chocolates.—Brooklyn Eagle.

WHAT SHE WOULD PROBABLY DO.

Mrs. Nags—If I should hear a burglar getting in the house I don't know what I should do.

Nags (confidently)—Oh, you would probably scream out, "Don't forget to wipe your feet!" my dear, and scare him off.—Brooklyn Eagle.

FAILED TO RECOGNIZE HIMSELF.

"I guess that ain't me," said little Ralph, as he gazed earnestly at a photograph of himself.

"What makes you think it isn't?" asked his mother.

"'Cause it's standing still too long to be me," was the reply.—Tit-Bits.

WHERE THE ART COMES IN.

Awestruck Visitor—It must be very difficult to produce such an exquisite work of art.

Dealer—Nonsense. Almost anybody can paint a picture, but finding a victim to buy it after it is painted is where the art comes in.—Tit-Bits.

TOO MUCH FOR GEORGE.

She (pining for pleasant words)—Oh, George, I cannot understand it. Why do you lavish this wealth of love on me when there are so many girls more beautiful and more worthy than I?

He—I'm blowed if I know.—Tit-Bits.

WHY HE WAS WORRIED.

"Dear," said the poet's wife, noticing his abstracted look, "you are worried about something?"

"Yes?" he ejaculated. "Yes."

"Tell me, what have you on your mind?"

"Nothing; that's what worries me."—Philadelphia Press.

JOYOUS FEAR.

Harvard Hasben—Uh! They ought to pass a law to hang hypocrites like that fellow.

Wragson Tatters—W'at are yer kickin' about now?

Harvard Hasben—Here's an item in the paper that says: "Mr. Wright Muchmore, the eminent novelist, is quite ill and fears he will have to give up work."—Philadelphia Press.

SOCIETY.

The avenue was extremely gay yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Corydon Wadburner met in front of the Ash de Cash Club, and spoke. Mrs. Wadburner wore pearl gray.

Miss de Munn and Miss Beryl de Munn were visiting the commercial agencies, inquiring as to the debts of his Grace the Duke of Chesplaster. The Misses de Munn wore all their diamonds.

Mrs. Lovelace-Lovelace exercised her dog. Both were in half mourning for Mr. Lovelace-Lovelace.—Detroit Journal.

More than 90 per cent. of the Japanese public travels third class.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

General Trade Conditions.

New York (Special.)—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: "The position of general business is satisfactory, being marked by increased activity of retail operations throughout the West, and in some Atlantic seaboard cities, which is considered the forerunner of a generally good Spring trade. New enterprise is reflected in the largest demand for many months for builders' hardware and general materials and contracts for prompt delivery of all structural goods are very difficult to place. Collections are prompt and railroad tonnage is well maintained.

"Quotations of pig iron and finished steel tend toward a higher level. There is still the wholesome element of conservatism, which prevents violent fluctuations and keeps the advance at a moderate rate, but the tendency of the market is undeniably toward better things.

"The amount of cotton coming forward at the South indicates that plantation stocks are by no means exhausted, and preparations for the new crop promise an enormous acreage. From the top point of the season the price has fallen $18.45 a bale, and the only apparent element of strength at present is the over-sold condition of the speculative market.

"Failures for the week numbered 124 in the United States, against 183 last year, and 33 in Canada, against 27 last year."

Bradstreet's says:

"War talk induced some short covering in wheat this week and flour strengthened on better demand, but crop reports were in the main favorable. Corn has been in good export demand, but is held down by increases in supplies, weather at the West keeping good.

"Great strength and activity fully up to the recently established standards of the market were seen during the week. Prices advanced in the early days of the week and the steel industrial stocks fairly shared honors with the railroad list. In both departments of the market new records as to quotations were made, and although there was a considerable amount of manipulation outside participation increased."

LATEST QUOTATIONS.

Baltimore.

Flour—Baltimore Best Patent....4.75a
High Grade Extra.....4.25a
Cornmeal, per 100 pounds....1.10a1.20
Hominy, per bbl.....2.60a2.70
Hominy Grits, per bbl.....2.60a2.70

Wheat.—No. 2 red, 78½; steamer No. 2 red, 76½; sample lots, 70a78¾. Western opened firmer; March, 77½.

Corn.—Quote white nominally at 48a49, and yellow at 46a47. Cob corn, 2.40 per bbl.

Oats.—White No. 2, 32a33; white, No. 3, 34½; No. 4, 30½a31; mixed, No. 4, 28a28½.

Rye.—Quote: No. 2 rye in car lots, 56c, nominal; No. 3, rye, 53c.; No. 2, Western rye, 58c. Bag lots nearby quotable at from 50a56c. per bushel.

Mill Feed.—$20.50 per ton; medium, do, $20.00.

Hay.—Market quiet and about steady. No. 1 timothy, $16.25a16.50; No. 2 timothy, $15.75a16.00; No. 3 timothy, $15.00a15.50; No. 1 clover mixed, $14.50a15.00; No. 2 clover mixed, $13.50a14.50; No. 1 clover, $14.00a14.50; No. 2 clover, $13.00a14.00.

Cloverseed.—New Western clover, on spot, at 11c. per lb. and choice do at 11¼c.

Green Fruits and Vegetables.—Onions, per bushel, $1.20a1.25. Cabbage, Danish, per ton, $18.00a20.00; do, new Florida, per crate, $2.25a2.50. Celery, per dozen, 40a60c. Apples, per bbl, $1.75a4.00. Oranges, Florida, per box, $2.25a3.00. Cranberries, Cape Cod, per bbl, $8.00a9.00.

Potatoes.—White, Maryland and Pennsylvania, prime, per bushel, 45a48c.; do New York, primes, per bushel, 45a52c.; do. Michigan and Ohio, per bushel, 48a50c.; do. new, Bermuda, per bbl $4.50a5.00; do new, Florida, per bbl $4.00a5.00. Sweets, Eastern Shore, kiln dried, per bbl, $1.25a1.50.

Beans and Peas.—New York, marrow, choice hand picked, $2.40a2.45; do do medium, do do, $2.20a2.25; do do pea do do, $2.15a2.25. Blackeye peas, per bushel, choice new, $1.60.

Provisions.—The market is firm. Jobbing prices are as follows: Bulk shoulders, 7¾c; do short ribs, 8¾c; do clear sides, 9c; bacon rib sides, 9¾c; do clear sides, 10c; bacon shoulders, 8½c. Fat backs, 8c. Sugar cured breasts, 10¾c; sugar cured shoulders, 8½c. Hams—Small, 11½c; large, 11c; smoked skinned hams, 11½c; picnic hams, 8¼c. Lard—Best refined, pure, in tierces, 8¾c; in tubs, 9c per lb. Mess pork, per bbl, $16.00.

Live Poultry.—Market firm. Quote: Hens, 10½a11c; old roosters, each, 25c; spring chickens, 10a12c; winter do, 2 lbs and under, 16a18c. Ducks, 10a13c. Turkeys 10a14c. Geese, apiece, 50a65c.

Dressed Poultry.—Turkeys, 10a14c. Ducks, 13a14c. Chickens, 9½a12c. Geese, 9a11c. Capons, 13a18c.

Butter.—The market is steady. We quote:

Creamery Separator.....22½a23
Creamery Gathered Cream.....20a21
Creamery Imitation.....18a19

Eggs.—Fresh laid eggs, 12a12½c.

Dressed Hogs.—Choice Western Maryland and Pennsylvania lightweights, per lb, 6¾c.; Southern Maryland and Virginia, per lb, 6½c. Calves.—Strictly nice veal, per lb 6a6½c. Lambs and sheep.—Spring lambs, choice, 5½a6c. per lb, poor, small stock, 5c. per lb.

Philadelphia.

Wheat, steady; contract grade March, 77½a78c. Corn, firm, ¼c. higher; No. 2 mixed, March, 45¼a45½c. Oats, steady. No. 2 white clipped, 33c. Butter firm; prints, 22c.; fancy Western creamery, 22½c.; do do prints, 23; do nearby prints, 25c. Eggs, fresh nearby 12¾c; do Western, 13c.; do Southwestern, 13c.; do Southern, 12c. Cheese steady; New York full creameries, fancy, small, 12a12¼c.

Live Stock.

Chicago, Ill.—Cattle.—Receipts, 5700 head, nominally steady; good to prime steers, $5.00a6.00; fancy up to $6.25; poor to medium, $3.65a4.80; stockers and feeders steady to firm, $2.75a4.50; cows $2.60a4.25. Hogs, mixed and butchered, $5.85a6.15.

East Liberty, Pa.—Cattle, steady; extra, $5.50a5.65; prime, $5.20a5.40; common, $3.25a4.00. Hogs, active and higher; prime mediums, best Yorkers and heavy hogs, $6.25a6.30; light Yorkers, $6.15a6.65; good pigs, $5.90a6.00. Sheep steady; choice wethers, $5.10a5.25.

REVIVALS A BENEFIT.

Dr. Talmage Draws Lessons From Famous Religious Awakenings.

The Most Useful Christians Are Those Converted in Early Life--Bringing the Multitude Into Safety.

[Copyright 1901.]

WASHINGTON, D. C.—This discourse of Dr. Talmage is most pertinent at this time, when a widespread effort for religious awakening is being made; text, Luke v, 6, "They inclosed a great multitude of fishes, and their net brake."

Simon and his comrades had experienced the night before what fishermen call "poor luck." Christ steps on board the fishing smack and tells the sailors to pull away from the beach and directs them again to sink the net. Sure enough, very soon the net is full of fishes, and the sailors begin to haul in. So large a school of fishes was taken that the hardy men begin to look red in the face as they pull, and hardly have they begun to rejoice at their success when snap goes a thread of the net, and snap goes another thread, so there is danger not only of losing the fish, but of losing the net.

Without much care as to how much the boat tilts or how much water is splashed on deck the fishermen rush about gathering up the broken meshes of the net. Gut yonder there is a ship dancing on the waves, and they hail it: "Ship ahoy! Bear down this way!" The ship comes, and both boats, both fishing smacks, are filled with the floundering treasures.

"Ah," says some one, "how much better it would have been if they had staid on shore and fished with a hook and line and taken one at a time instead of having this great excitement and the boat almost upset and the net broken and having to call for help and getting sopping wet with the sea!"

The church is the boat, the gospel is the net, society is the sea, and a great revival is a whole school brought in at one sweep of the net. I have admiration for that man who goes out with a hook and line to fish. I admire the way he unwinds the reel and adjusts the bait and drops the hook in a quiet place on a still afternoon and here catches one and there one, but I like also a big boat and swift oars and stout sails and a stiff breeze and a great multitude of souls brought—so great a multitude that you have to get help to draw it ashore, straining the net to the utmost until it breaks here and there, letting a few escape, but bringing the great multitude into eternal safety.

In other words, I believe in revivals. The great work of saving men began with 3000 people joining the church in one day, and it will close with forty or a hundred million people saved in twenty-four hours when nations shall be born in a day. But there are objections to revivals. People are opposed to them because the net might get broken, and if by the pressure of souls it does not get broken, then they take their own penknives and slit the net. "They inclosed a great multitude of fishes, and the net brake."

It is sometimes opposed to revivals of religion that those who come into the church at such times do not hold out. As long as there is a gale of blessing they have their sails up, but as soon as strong winds stop blowing then they drop into a dead calm. But what are the facts in the case? In all our churches the vast majority of the useful people are those who are brought in under great awakenings, and they hold out. Who are the prominent men in the United States in churches, in prayer meetings, in Sabbath-schools? For the most part they are the product of great awakenings.

I have noticed that those who are brought into the kingdom of God through revivals have more persistence and more determination in the Christian life than those who come in under a low state of religion. People born in an icehouse may live, but they will never get over the cold they caught in the icehouse.

A cannon ball depends upon the impulse with which it starts for how far it shall go and how swiftly, and the greater the revival force with which a soul is started the more far-reaching and far-resounding will be the execution.

But it is sometimes objected to revivals that there is so much excitement that people mistake hysteria for religion. We admit that in every revival of religion there is either a suppressed or a demonstrated excitement. Indeed, if a man can go out of a state of condemnation into a state of acceptance with God or see others go without any agitation of soul he is in an unhealthy, morbid state and is as repulsive and absurd as a man who should boast he saw a child snatched out from under a horse's hoofs and felt no agitation, or saw a man rescued from the fourth story of a house on fire and felt no acceleration of the pulses.

Salvation from sin and death and hell into life and peace and heaven forever is such a tremendous thing that if a man tells me he can look on it without any agitation I doubt his Christianity.

The fact is that sometimes excitement is the most important possible thing. In case of resuscitation from drowning or freezing, the one idea is to excite animation. Before conversion we are dead. It is the business of the church to revive, arouse, awaken, resuscitate, startle into life.

Excitement is bad or good, according to what it makes us do. If it makes us do that which is bad, it is bad excitement, but if it makes us agitated about our eternal welfare, if it makes us pray, if it make us attend upon Christian service, if it make us cry unto God for mercy, then it is good excitement.

It is sometimes said that during revivals of religion great multitudes of children and young people are brought into the church, and they do not know what they are about. It has been my observation that the earlier people come into the kingdom of God the more useful they are. Robert Hall, the prince of preachers, was converted at twelve years of age. It is likely he knew what he was about. Matthew Henry, the commentator, who did more than any man of his century for increasing the interest in the study of the Scriptures, was converted at eleven years of age; Isabella Graham, immortal in the Christian church, was converted at ten years of age; Dr. Watts, whose hymns will be sung all down the ages, was converted at nine years of age; Jonathan Edwards, perhaps the mightiest intellect that the American pulpit ever produced, was converted at seven years of age, and that father and mother take an awful responsibility when they tell their child at seven years of age, "You are too young to be a Christian," or, "You are too young to connect yourself with the church." That is a mistake as long as eternity.

If during a revival two persons present themselves as candidates for the church, and the one is ten years of age and the other is forty years of age, I will have more confidence in the profession of religion of the one ten years of age than the one forty years of age. Why? The one who professes at forty years of age has forty years of impulse in the wrong direction to correct; the child has only ten years in the wrong direction to correct. Four times ten are forty. Four times the religious prospect for the lad that comes into the kingdom of God and into the church at ten years of age than the man at forty.

I am very apt to look upon revivals as connected with certain men who fostered them. People who in this day do not like revivals nevertheless have not words to express their admiration for the revivalists of the past, for they were revivalists—Jonathan Edwards, John Wesley, George Whitefield, Fletcher, Griffin, Davies, Osborne, Knapp, Nettleton, Moody and many others whose names come to my mind. The strength of their intellect and the holiness of their lives make me think they would not have had anything to do with that which was ephermeral. Oh, it is easy to talk against revivals.

A man said to Mr. Dawson: "I like your sermons very much, but the after meetings I despise. When the prayer meeting begins, I always go up in the gallery and look down, and I am disgusted." "Well," said Mr. Dawson, "the reason is you go on the top of your neighbor's house and look down his chimney to examine his fire, and of course you only get the smoke in your eyes. Why don't you come in the door and sit down and warm?"

Oh, I am afraid to say anything against revivals of religion or against anything that looks like them, because I think it may be a sin against the Holy Ghost, and you know the Bible says that a sin against the Holy Ghost shall never be forgiven neither in this world nor the world to come. Now, if you are a painter, and I speak against your pictures, do I not speak against you? If you are an architect and I speak against a building you put up, do I not speak against you? If a revival be the work of the Holy Ghost and I speak against that revival, do I not speak against the Holy Ghost? And whoso speaketh against the Holy Ghost, says the Bible, he shall never be forgiven neither in this world nor in the world to come. I think sometimes people have made a fatal mistake in this direction.

Many of you know the history of Aaron Burr. He was one of the most brilliant men of his day. I suppose this country never produced a stronger intellect. He was capable of doing anything good and great for his country or for the church of God had he been rightly disposed, but his name is associated with treason against the United States government, which he tried to overthrow, and with libertinism and immorality. Do you know where Aaron Burr started on the downward road? It was when he was in college and he became anxious about his soul and was about to put himself under the influences of a revival, and a minister of religion said: "Don't go there, Aaron; don't go there. That's a place of wildfire and great excitement. No religion about that. Don't go there." He tarried away.

And who is responsible for his ruin for this world and his everlasting ruin in the world to come? Was it the minister who warned him against that revival?

When I speak of excitement in revivals, I do not mean temporary derangement of the nerves, I do not mean the absurd things of which we have read as transpiring sometimes in the church of Christ, but I mean an intelligent, intense, all absorbing agitation of body, mind and soul in the work of spiritual escape and spiritual rescue.

Now I come to the real, genuine cause of objection to revivals—that is, the coldness of the objector. It is the secret and hidden but unmistakable cause in every case, a low state of religion in the heart. Wide awake, consecrated, useful Christians are never afraid of revivals. It is the spiritually dead who are afraid of having their sepulcher molested. The chief agents of the devil during a great awakening are always unconverted professors of religion.

As soon as Christ's work begins they begin to gossip against it and take a pail of water and try to put out this spark of religious influence, and they try to put out another spark. Do they succeed? As well when Chicago was on fire might some one have gone out with a garden water pot trying to extinguish it. The difficulty is that when a revival begins in a church it begins at so many points that while you have doused one anxious soul with a pail of cold water there are 500 other anxious souls on fire.

Oh, how much better it would be to lay hold of the chariot of Christ's gospel and help pull it on rather than fling ourselves in front of the wheels, trying to block their progress. We will not stop the chariot, but we ourselves will be ground to powder.

Aroused pulpits will make aroused pews; pulpits aflame will make pews aflame. Everybody believes in a revival in trade, everybody likes a revival in literature, everybody likes a revival in art, yet a great multitude cannot understand a revival in matters of religion. Depend upon it, where you find a man antagonistic to revivals, whether he be in pulpit or pew, he needs to be regenerated by the grace of God.

I could prove to a demonstration that without revivals this world will never be converted and that in 100 or 200 years without revivals Christianity will be practically extinct. It is a matter of astounding arithmetic. In each of our modern generations there are at least 32,000,000 children. Now add 32,000,000 to the world's population and then have only 100,000 or 200,000 converted every year, and how long before the world will be saved? Never—absolutely never!

During our Civil War the President of the United States made proclamation for 75,000 troops. Some of you remember the big stir. But the King of the universe to-day asks for 1,200,000,000 more troops than are enlisted, and we want it done softly, imperceptibly, no excitement, one by one. You are a dry goods merchant on a large scale, and I am a merchant on a small scale, and I come to you and want to buy a thousand yards of cloth. Do you say: "Thank you. I'll sell you a thousand yards of cloth, but I'll sell you twenty yards to-day and twenty to-morrow, and twenty the next day, and if it takes me six months I'll sell you the whole thousand yards; you will want as long as that to examine the goods, and I'll want as long as that to examine the credit, and, besides, that, a thousand yards of cloth are too much to sell all at once?" No, you do not say that. You take me into the counting room, and in ten minutes the whole transaction is consummated. The fact is, we cannot afford to be fools in anything but religion.

That very merchant who on Saturday afternoon sold me the thousand yards of cloth at one stroke the next Sabbath in church will stroke his beard and wonder whether it would not be better for a thousand souls to come straggling along for ten years instead of bolting in at one service.

We talk a good deal about the good times that are coming and about the world's redemption. How long before they will come? There is a man who says 500 years; here is a man who says 200 years; here is some one more confident who says in fifty years. What, fifty years? Do you propose to let two generations pass off the stage before the world is converted? Suppose by prolongation of human life at the end of the next fifty years you should walk the length of Pennsylvania avenue, Washington, or the length of Broadway, New York—in all those walks you would not find one person that you recognize. Why? All dead or so changed you would not know them. In other words, if you postpone the redemption of this world for fifty years you admit that the majority of the two whole generations shall go off the stage unblessed and unsaved. I tell you, the church of Jesus Christ cannot consent to it. We must pray and toil and have the revival spirit, and we must struggle to have the whole world saved before the men and women now in middle life part.

"Oh," you say, "it is too vast an enterprise to be conducted in so short a time!" Do you know how long it would take to save the whole world if each man would bring another? It would take ten years. By a calculation in compound interest each man bringing another, and that one another, and that one another, in ten years the whole earth would be saved—1911. Before the organs in our churches are worn out they ought to sound the grand march of the whole earth saved. If the world is not saved in the next ten years, it will be the fault of the church of Christ. But it will all depend upon the revival spirit. The hook and line fishing will not do it.

TO BE HEEDED NOW.

In the Spring You Are Always Run Down.

This Will Tell You Just What To Do For Yourself.

And Just Why You Should Follow Exactly This Plan.

In the spring everybody needs to think about taking a spring medicine. Not only is this a common practice, but a very necessary and healthful one. It is a fact which physicians acknowledge and the people recognize generally, that a spring tonic taken during the months of March, April and May is more conducive to the restoration of health, in cases of those who are sick, than any other course of treatment that could possibly be adopted.

In the spring there are a great many and important changes going on in the body. Perfect health cannot be maintained while the system is clogged and the organs sluggish, and the person has a languid and weakened feeling, with more or less nervousness and debility. Therefore everybody should take a good spring remedy.

The best spring medicine, indorsed and recommended by physicians, druggists and the people, is Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. In proof of this, thousands

Mrs. Etta Sumner.

of testimonials are being constantly published in the papers. The following is from Mrs. Etta Sumner of Goodells, Mich.

"I have been afflicted," she says, "with nervous debility for a year. My nerves were completely prostrated, and I suffered at the slightest excitement, with great headache. At times I was entirely overcome by this disease. I would stay in the house alone, and dread the sight of my own people. My entire nervous system was shattered, and my life was a worriment and burden to me. I was advised to try Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, and while on the first bottle began to recover. My friends were very much surprised.

"Before I had finished the second bottle, I could sleep with a quiet mind, and eat with ready and refreshing appetite. I have taken three bottles and am entirely cured of all my sufferings. I cannot speak half highly enough of it. I cheerfully and earnestly recommend it to every one afflicted with disease. What gives people absolute confidence in it, is its being the discovery of one of our best known and most successful physicians.

Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy is, indeed, the greatest of all spring medicines, for it makes the sick well and strong.

Dr. Greene, of 35 W. 14th St., New York City, has the largest practice in the world, and this grand medical discovery is the result of his vast experience. The great reputation of Dr. Greene is a guarantee that his medicine will cure, and the fact that he can be consulted by anyone, at any time free of charge, personally or by letter, gives absolute assurance of cure to all.

Stole the Wrong Thing.

An Illinois man stole a freight train a few days ago, but got caught. He made a great mistake; he should have stolen the railroad and become a respectable citizen instead of a criminal.

Purifies the Blood—Costs Nothing to Try.

B. B. B. (Botanic Blood Balm) is the finest and best Spring Blood Purifier made. B. B. B. gives life, vigor and strength to the blood. B. B. B. cures the worst Eczema, Itching Humors, Boils, Pimples, by giving a healthy blood supply to the skin. B. B. B. cures Ulcers, Eating Sores, Scrofula, Cancer, heals every sore and makes the blood pure and rich. B. B. B. cures old Rheumatism, Aches and Pains in Bones, Joints. Try Botanic Blood Balm this spring. Druggists, $1. Trial treatment free by writing Blood Balm Co., 12 Mitchell St., Atlanta, Ga. Describe trouble, and free medical advice given.

The fellow with his first camera believes in taking things just as they come.

Dr. Luke P. Blackburn

Writes concerning Crab Orchard Water: "In tardy motion and chronic constipation of the bowels it excels all other medicines known to the profession."

A man's house may be his castle, but that doesn't make him a nobleman.

H. H. GREEN'S SONS, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Dropsy Specialists in the world. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

People with hot tempers may sometimes give rather cool treatment.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle

Glasgow has five public baths, the cost of which varied from $82,000 to $165,000.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has an equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Congressman Bingham, of Pennsylvania, is a devotee of the white waistcoat.

If afflicted with weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water

Two Big Pains

seem to be the heritage of the human family everywhere, viz:

Rheumatism and Neuralgia

but there is one sure and prompt cure for both, viz:

St. Jacobs Oil

WILLS PILLS—BIGGEST OFFER EVER MADE.

For only 10 Cents we will send to any P. O. address, 10 days' treatment of the best medicine on earth, and put you on the track how to make Money right at your home. Address all orders to The H. B. Wills Medicine Company, 23 Elizabeth St., Hagerstown, Md. Branch Offices: 129 Indiana Ave., Washington, D. C.

Estab. '32 SCALES of every description Satisfaction Guaranteed. Write for prices. JESSE MARDEN 109 S. Charles St., BALTIMORE, MD.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

USE CERTAIN COUGH CHILL CURE. 25 50 $1

CRAB ORCHARD WATER

25 CENTS PER ROD FOR THE BEST FENCE MADE OF WIRE

P M MISHLER HAGERSTOWN MD.

AGENTS WANTED for the Brohard Sash Lock and Brohard Door Holder

Active workers everywhere can earn big money; always a steady demand for our goods. Sample sash lock, with prices, terms, etc., free for 2c stamp for postage. THE BROHARD CO., Station "O," Philadelphia, Pa.

IT PAYS TO ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER. B N U 12.

LION COFFEE

A LUXURY WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL!

Watch our next advertisement.

We are keeping up the grade of

LION COFFEE

to a high point!

It is known all over the country as the best package coffee, and its quality will be strictly maintained.

HAVE YOU TRIED IT YET?

LION COFFEE is not a glazed coffee. We do not need to resort to egg mixtures or chemicals which are used to hide imperfections and to make the coffee look shiny.

LION COFFEE is absolutely pure, and that is the reason why it is now used in millions of homes.

In every package of LION COFFEE you will find a fully illustrated and descriptive list. No housekeeper, in fact, no woman, man, boy or girl will fail to find in the list some article which will contribute to their happiness, comfort and convenience, and which they may have by simply cutting out a certain number of Lion Heads from the wrappers of our one pound sealed packages (which is the only form in which this excellent coffee is sold).

WOOLSON SPICE CO., TOLEDO, OHIO.

Best for the Bowels

Bowel Troubles: Caused by over-work! Over-eating! Over-drinking! No part of the human body receives more ill treatment than the bowels. Load after load is imposed until the intestines become clogged, refuse to act, worn out. Then you must assist nature. Do it, and see how easily you will be cured by CASCARETS Candy Cathartic. Not a mass of mercurial and mineral poison, but a pure vegetable compound that acts directly upon the diseased and worn out intestinal canal, making it strong, and gently stimulating the liver and kidneys; a candy tablet, pleasant to take, easy and delightful in action. Don't accept a substitute for CASCARETS.

...to ...and ...on ...in- ...led ...con- ...ay ...ar-

I'll bring a surgeon.—Jeweler's Weekly.

"I have gone 14 days at a time without movement of the bowels. Chronic constipation for seven years placed me in this terrible condition; I did everything I heard of but never found any relief until I began using CASCARETS. I now have from one to three passages a day, and if I was rich I would give $500.00 for each movement; it is such a relief." AYLMER L. HUNT, 1820 Russell St., Detroit, Mich.

More Information.

Tommy—P...hat do th... put ...ter in ...

...hav... m... as a chap can The ite... fa... cle...

Cascarets

BEST FOR BOWELS AND LIVER.

THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

10c. 25c. 50c.

NEVER SOLD IN BULK.

DRUGGISTS

THIS IS CCC THE TABLET

GUARANTEED TO CURE all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow complexion and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are getting sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It is a starter for the chronic ailments and long years of suffering that come afterwards. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and be well all the time until you put your bowels right. Take our advice; start with CASCARETS today, under an absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded.

GUARANTEED TO CURE: Five years ago the first box of CASCARETS was sold. Now it is over six million boxes a year, greater than any similar medicine in the world. This is absolute proof of great merit, and our best testimonial. We have faith, and will sell CASCARETS absolutely guaranteed to cure or money refunded. Go buy today, two 50c boxes, give them a fair, honest trial, as per simple directions, and if you are not satisfied after using one 50c box, return the unused 50c box and the empty box to us by mail, or the druggist from whom you purchased it, and get your money back for both boxes. Take our advice—no matter what ails you—start today. Health will quickly follow and you will bless the day you first started the use of CASCARETS. Book free by mail. Addr. STERLING REMEDY CO., Sew Yort or Chicago.

R.
A.
ith
coun-
y as cheap
country, large
ecks that are unsur-
where.
ame prices that are seldom
ched and rarely beaten.
We freely right every wrong—no sale is completed until you are satisfied.

Mingle's Shoe Store.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, 10.30 a. m , and 7 p. m.

Reformed—Centre Hall, 7 p. m.; Union, 2 p. m.; Spring Mills, 10 30 a. m.

Lutheran—Centre Hall, morning: Tusseyville, afternoon; Spring Mills, evening.

Aguinaldo a Prisoner.

A bulletin from Manila states that Aguinaldo was captured by Americans. No particulars are given.

This Affects Sheriffs.

Senator W. C. Heinle last week introduced a bill in the state senate providing that where the sheriff acts as jailor and has his residence in the county prison, he shall appoint a turnkey, the salary to be fixed by the county commissioners.

Roll of Honor.

Primary school, Anna Bartholomew, teacher. *Cora Luse, Mary Rearick, *Isabel Rowe, Nellie Smith, *Nina Snyder, *William Bradford, Musser Coldren, Ira Foreman, Robert Krumbine, Orvis Myers, *Calvin Smith, Roy White, Carl Long.

Cannot Control Our Streams.

The Harris water bill, giving the state board of health almost exclusive control of streams in the state, in order to prevent pollution, which was prepared by the associated health authorities of the state in convention at Harrisburg last January, was defeated in the house. The vote was 12 yeas and 131 nays.

Gun Burst.

Jonathan Tressler, of Linden Hall, went through a rather serious experience Friday of last week. A stray dog had been annoying him, and he concluded to put his dogship out of existence, and accordingly loaded his gun and took a bead on the canine. The weapon was defective and exploded, resulting in the bursting of Mr. Tressler's ear drum and burning his face with powder.

Order to Trainmen.

Superintendent E. B. Westfall, of the Philadelphia and Erie railroad, has issued an order to the passenger conductors and trainmen calling attention to their personal condition during the Pan-American exposition travel. Employes must wear the prescribed badges and uniform, with white collars, cuffs, and shoes polished, and coats must be kept buttoned while on duty. Smoking and chewing on passenger trains will not be permitted.

Attempted Arson.

An attempt was made to destroy by fire the stable of Wm. Kreamer, in Millheim, Saturday night. Wood had been piled against the stable and saturated with coal oil and lighted. The inflammable material was consumed, and the outside portion of the stable charred, but the flames did not reach the interior of the stable, and thus the efforts of the demon were frustrated. Sunday night rain fell, and it is possible that the shower began at an opportune time to save Mr. Kreamer's stable from the hands of this wicked person.

A Fatal Fire Accident.

A distressing accident occurred at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George W. Curtin, at Tyrone, Thursday of last week, which resulted in the death of their two-year-old daughter, Esther Marguerite. On this morning little Marguerite remained in bed until near ten o'clock. About that hour an elder sister of the child who was in the same room quickly ran down stairs; but was so frightened she could not speak. Mrs. Curtin ran up stairs and was horrified as she entered the room to see the clothing of her child on fire and almost totally burned from her little body. The mother quickly picked the child up and wrapped her apron round it to extinguish the flames, but it was too late to save its life. It was burned to a crisp almost from head to foot and died in a few hours. It is supposed that in some way the child got hold of a match and ignited its clothing.

FELL INTO A CISTERN.

A Dear Little Girl Pulled Out of Seven Feet of Water.

Maude, a dear little daughter of William P. Alexander, at Spring Mills, came very near drowning in a cistern, Saturday evening of last week. Little Maude, who is seven years old, was playing in the yard with her sister and several other children, who were running over a plank covered cistern, when one of the planks gave way and left the little one drop into seven of water. Her companions shrieked from fright, which attracted the attention of the father who was in front of the house talking to a friend. With a father's love in his heart, he hastily ran to the rescue, and with every muscle brought into action he wrapped his lower limbs about some outside support and reached down into the water and rescued his child. The little one was making its second descent when the loving father grasped her. But for the accidental appearance of Mr. Alexander on the scene, there would have been a different story to tell.

An Interesting Work.

Ten years ago Miss Emma C. Nason began her missionary labors among the lumbermen and boatmen of the Great Lakes. This work, begun in the humblest way has been wonderfully blest, and is now carried on in six mission houses in four cities in Michigan; Ashland, Hurley, West Superior, and Sault St. Marie. At the latter place there is also a Rescue Home for women. This work is strictly unsectarian and appeals to all alike. The women of the Presbyterian church have undertaken to make a supply of Comfort bags, in response to an appeal received from Miss Nason and would be glad to receive contributions in money or materials. The bags are to be made of bright colored cretonne, gingham or calico, and furnished with needles, pins, buttons, thread, woolen yarn, a New Testament and a little Gospel singing book. Contributions may be left at the manse or at Mrs. Shannon Boal's any time before Thursday, April 4th.

Some Fine Stock.

Perry Breon took a wager the other day that his short horn bull weighed over seventeen hundred pounds. The only way to settle the matter was to bring the animal to Centre Hall and have him weighed, which was done. The bull tipped the scale beams to 1790, and Perry was $5.00 in for his trouble. The bull is a fine animal and stands at the head of a fine lot of stock in Mr. Breon's stable.

Approaching Sales.

March 28, Thursday, Mrs. John Showers, near Centre Hall.

March 29, Friday, Hon. Leonard Rhone, three miles west of Old Fort.

March 30, Saturday, J. W. Wolf, Centre Hall.

April 1, Monday, personal property of John Cumings, west of Old Fort.

April 2, Tuesday, personal property of A. E. Meyer, near Centre Hill.

Mercantile Tax to be Halved.

The merchants of the state, especially the retailers, will be pleasantly surprised at the prospect of having the mercantile tax they are now paying cut exactly in two. The ways and means committee of the legislature have reported favorably on the bill and there is little doubt that it will be passed.

Dr. Muhlenberg Dies.

The Rev. Dr. Frederick A. Muhlenberg, who lived retired, one of the best known Lutheran clergymen in America, died at Reading Thursday of last week, aged eighty-two years. He was the first President of Muhlenberg College, and for fourteen years professor of Greek in the University of Pennsylvania.

Latest Literary News.

It is said that the powers of either man or woman are developed five-fold by working with a life-companion who is in entire harmony. The ideal wife as a rule has it in her power to make the ideal husband. What constitutes the ideal wife is discussed in an extremely able article by Lavinia Hart in the April Cosmopolitan.

Married.

Last Thursday evening John W. Miller and Miss Mary Snyder, both of Pine Grove Mills, were united in marriage at the Lutheran parsonage at that place, by Rev. C. T. Aikens. The groom is a son of George F. Miller and the bride is a daughter of John Snyder, a prosperous farmer of that section.

Seton-Thompson's New Story.

The story of a duck is the newest thing which Ernest Seton-Thompson, the author of "Wild Animals I Have Known," has written. It is called "The Mother Teal and the Overland Route," and will be published in The Ladies' Home Journal.

Methodist Conference.

The Central Pennsylvania Conference of the Methodist church, is in session at Chambersburg, Bishop Foss presiding. The first session was held Wednesday night.

A. S. Kerlin, who has been confined to his home in Centre Hall for more than a year, is not improving, but at this writing his condition is regarded critical.

IMPROVEMENTS AT SPRING MILLS.

Smith Bros. Will Erect a Large Store Building.—A Third Story to be Added to the Hotel.

The Spring Mills hotel under the new and able management of Edwin Ruhl has been remodeled, refurnished and painted throughout. The bedrooms especially, are beautifully fitted up, handsomely papered, and in fact are boudoirs of a most inviting character. Mr. Ruhl, although quite a young man is an experienced artist in the business, having been proprietor of the famous Old Fort hotel. When the health of his father failed—D. H. Ruhl the well known landlord, and finally drifted to such a character as to incapacitate him for the business, his son, the present proprietor, immediately assumed control of the hotel, and after acting as manager for several months, purchased the entire business. The most remarkable circumstance connected with the hotel since his purchase, was when Mr. Ruhl applied for a license this year, (his present license being a transferred one,) his application was confronted by an unexpected remonstrance, rather weak and trifling in character 'tis true, but yet a remonstrance. Why this ill advised, if not senseless protest was gotten up, puzzled and disgusted every right thinking man in the community, as Mr. Ruhl since his control and management of the hotel, has conducted the business very satisfactorily, and exercised the greatest precaution at the bar. Mr. Ruhl contemplates several other improvements during the summer, one of these will be an additional story to the hotel. This is absolutely necessary, as the building now is entirely inadequate for his large and increasing business. The hotel has become very popular, and is general head quarters for commercial agents, who congregate there at all times.

Smith Brothers, the extensive furniture dealers and undertakers of Spring Mills, are making preparations to erect a large, handsome store building in which to conduct their business. The building will be located along the road leading directly to the railroad station, a very desirable location for their business, no better could be secured in the village. The building will be two and one-half stories high, one hundred by forty feet, and will be fitted up with all the modern improvements and conveniences. The entire first floor will be used for the sales room and office. The upper room for storage, repair and painting departments. The west end of the building will have an entrance to be used exclusively for receiving and the delivery of furniture. The main entrance to the salesroom and general office will be about the center of the building. This establishment when completed will be a great improvement to the entire neighborhood and a credit to the village.

Get a Calendar.

If you want a fine calendar 14x22 inches, address and request the same from R. E. L. Bunch, General Passenger Agent, Seaboard Airline Railway, Portsmouth, Va.

Married.

At the bride's home, Willowbank Street, Bellefonte, March 27th, by Rev. A. A. Black, assisted by Rev. T. L. Bickel, Mr. George Hazel and Miss Emma C. Hazel.

A Millheim Youth in Trouble.

Tobias Wetzel, of Millheim, was escorted to Fort Brungart, Bellefonte, by Constable P. P. Leitzell, of the former place, Tuesday. It appears that this young man was accused of rape by seventeen-year-old Dora Nathan, which should have occurred in a woods near the girl's home. It appears, according to the girl's story of the affair th at she defended her honor by the use of a razor on young Wetzel's head, slashing his head and face at three places. The charge of rape is not believed in by many who know the girl, as her character is of an unsavory nature.

Mother of Twenty-Six Children.

The wife of Jules Kupstos, a Belgian miner at Sandy Run, Bedford county, gave birth one day last week to her twenty-sixth child—nineteen boys and seven girls. The oldest is twenty-seven years of age. Of the total number eighteen died in infancy and eight are yet living. These births consisted of triplets once, twins three times and seventeen single. The mother is forty-five years of age and was married when seventeen years old. The father is fifty-three years old. Both are in good health.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Edwin Ruhl was granted license on Tuesday.

F. M. Crawford, of Bellefonte, was in town Wednesday.

Joseph S. Rumberger, Roopsburg, died Monday, aged seventy years.

I. V. Musser, wife and little daughter Wednesday returned from Osceola, Ohio, where they had been visiting with the former's parents for some weeks.

John Runkle, of Middleburg, came up to visit his brother James W. Runkle, proprietor of the Centre Hall hotel. Mr. Runkle is a prospering merchant in Middleburg and a man whose association is sought.

BRIEF LOCALS.

David Boon's sale, near Linden Hall, amounted to $2059.00

Rev. Christine's family leaves Elysburg for Harden, Ohio, on April 3.

In making excavations for a railroad at Uniontown, Pa., skeletons were uncovered that measured eight feet in length.

A large flock of wild ducks made a short stop on the Red Mill dam Tuesday evening but all got away without being shot at.

Mrs. Carrie E. Osman, who for the past two years has been in Eureka, Kansas, with her two sons, is expected east this week.

Mrs. Homan Barr, of Boalsburg, returned from a few weeks visit in Harrisburg, where her sister, Mrs. Dr. Widder, lives.

Mrs. J. H. Wiebly, of Linden Hall, left on Tuesday to visit her sister, Miss Cole, at Waynetown; she expects to be absent about two weeks.

Mrs. Clem Fortney returned to her home at Linden Hall, after a two weeks' visit with her mother, Mrs. Matilda Musser, at Altoona.

Jacob Hessel, of near Red Mill, was quite ill a few days ago but is improving again. If Mr. Hessel lives until April he will be eighty-one years old.

J. C. Bible's sale, near Centre Hill, was well attended on Tuesday. Everything sold high; John knows how to feed stock and always kept good stock.

Miss Sara Wieland and Mrs. T. C. Heims, who have been visiting at the home of Daniel Hess, at Linden Hall, for some time, left for their home at Osceola Monday.

Dr. A. M. Smith, member of the Legislature from Snyder county, and other citizens of Adamsburg, have completed the organization of a national bank at that place.

Mrs. Lonberger will move from Linden Hall to Ed. Seller's house at Oak Hall, and Frank McClintic and John McPherson will move their families to the house vacated by Mrs. Lonberger.

Will Beck, who has spent the winter in the vicinity of Pittsburg, arrived at Linden Hall Monday and went to the home of David Glasgow east of that place, where he expects to make his home for the summer.

Miss Jennie Bartholomew, of Howard, and Misses Kathryn and Minnie Romig, of Shanksville, Somerset county, were the guests of their friends, Misses Helen and Anna Bartholomew, at this place over Sunday.

Henry Jordan writes from McConnell, Illinois, that J. R. Young, of Orangeville, made sale at that place recently and moved to Iowa, and will be engaged in a store. Mr. Young is a son of David Young, deceased, of Colyer.

H. I. Brungart, of Rebersburg, returned to his home in that place, after a few days' visit with friends at Scottdale, Pa. April 1st, Mr. Brungart will locate permanently at Wilkesbarre, and engage in the insurance business.

At present the wholesalers in the state are obliged to pay one half mill on every dollar of gross business and the retailers one mill. The amended bill fixes the tax wholesale business one quarter mill and on retail business one-half mill.

Mrs. Jerry Miller Tuesday went to Dubois to join her husband, who has been in that place for a week or more. The Millers are looking for a suitable place to locate, and as stated before are investigating the opportunities in the Clearfield town.

Mrs. Catharine Coble, of Linden Hall, has recently received an increase of pension. She is an aged lady and deserving of the assistance of the government. The increase will keep her from want now that she is left almost alone in her old age.

George W. Ocker and wife started for Lewisburg Tuesday where they will make their future home. Mr. and Mrs. Ocker went overland, driving the first day to Rebersburg where they will stop with friends before taking their final leave from Centre county.

Hon. Wm. Allison, the Representative from South side of Centre county, together with his daughter, Miss Mabel, and a friend, stopped at the Bingham House, Philadelphia, over Sunday. Like many other Centre county people, Representative Allison discovered that the Bingham House is all right in every particular—from the proprietor down to the humblest servant.

Public Sale Register.

MARCH 29—Leonard Rhone, three miles west of Old Fort, at 10 a. m.; horses, cattle, sheep, hogs and farm implements.

MARCH 30, Saturday, at 1 p. m., Centre Hall, at the residence of J. W. Wolf, one fine Jersey cow, household goods, etc.

APRIL 1, at 12 o'clock, Rebecca Cummings and A. J. Cummings, adm'r., 2½ miles east of Linden Hall; farm stock and implements.

APRIL 2—At 10 a. m., 1½ miles east of Centre Hill, on the Bernard Wagner farm, the personal property of the late A. E Meyer, Edward Sellers, Administrator; 6 work horses, 26 head head of cattle, 40 fine sheep, lot of hogs and farm implements.

APRIL 6, Saturday, 12 o'clock, ¾ mile south of Colyer, the personal property of David E. Young, deceased, horses, cows, implements and household goods. David F. and Maggie E. Young, Executors.

APRIL 3, Wednesday, at one o'clock, p. m., at Centre Hall, one horse and farm implements of J. B. Reish.

APRIL 6, Saturday, at one o'clock, p. m., personal property of J. O. Deininger and Mrs. Lucy Heaney.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.—The following accounts have been examined, passed and filed of record in the Register's Office for the inspection of heirs and legatees, creditors and all others in anywise interested, and will be presented to the Orphans' Court of Centre county for confirmation on Wednesday, the 24th day of April, A. D., 1901:

No. 1. The second and final account of Deborah E. Valentine and George Valentine, Jr., administrators of the estate of Jacob D. Valentine, late of Bellefonte borough, deceased.

No. 2. The first and final account of John P. Harris, executor of the last will and testament of M. W. Petriken, late of Bellefonte borough, deceased.

No. 3. The first and final account of Henry Brockerhoff, executor of the last will and testament of Margaret Campbell, late of the borough of Bellefonte, deceased.

No. 4. The account of the Fidelity Insurance, Trust & Safe Deposit Company, trustee appointed by the Orphans' Court of Centre county for the Rev. Charles R. Hale, under the will of Sarah J. Hale, deceased.

No. 5. The final account of Samuel B. Parker, administrator of, &c., of the estate of David H. Parker, late of Patilsburg borough, deceased.

No. 6. The first and final account of Annie S. Riddle administratrix of, &c., of Matthew F. Riddle, late of Spring township, deceased.

No. 7. The account of C. A. Weaver, administrator of, &c., of Adam Stover, late of Haines township, deceased.

No. 8. The first and final account of James McKinley, administrator of, &c., of Hannah McKinley, late of Boggs township, deceased.

No. 9. The account of J. F. Uzzell, executor of, &c., of Jane Uzzell, late of Snow Shoe township, deceased.

No. 10. The sixth account of James P. Coburn, executor of, &c., of Samuel Huston, late of Potter township, deceased.

No. 11. The second and final account of M. S. Fiedler and John J Fiedler, executors of, &c., of Henry Fiedler, late of Millheim borough, deceased.

No. 12. The first and final account of Harry E McClincy, administrator of, &c., of Angeline Curtin, late of Boggs township, deceased.

No. 13. The first and final account of D. L. Zerby, executor of the last will and testament of A. Mary Keen, late of Millheim borough, deceased.

No. 14. The second and partial account of Theodore McMullen, surviving executor of Ambrose McMullen, late of Walker township, deceased.

No 15. The second partial account of J. M. Heckman and William G. B Heckman administrators of, &c., of J. B. Heckman, late of Gregg township, deceased.

No. 16. The first and partial account of Adam Y. Wagner and Ellis L. Orvis, executors of the last will and testament of John Wagner, late of Bellefonte borough, deceased.

No 17. The first and partial account of W. C. Vonada and B. F. Vonada, executors of, &c., of Adam Vonada, late of Walker township, deceased.

No. 18. The account of James M Lucas, executor of the last will and testament of Mary M. Hall, late of Milesburg borough, deceased.

No. 19 The third and final account of George M Boal, surviving administrator of, &c., of W. W. Love, late of Potter township, deceased.

No. 20 The first and final account of H. Y. Stitzer, guardian of Nellie K. Riddle, a minor child of Matthew M. Riddle, late of Boggs township, deceased.

No. 21. The account of J. Henry Rider, executor of, &c. of Abner Rider, late of Benner township, deceased.

No. 22. The eighth (8) annual statement of John P Harris trustee appointed by the Orphans' Court of Centre county under the last will and testament of William A. Thomas, late of the borough of Bellefonte deceased, being the thirty-fourth (34) annual statement of said trust

No. 23. The third and final account of Wm. P. Duncan and Robert L. Scott, administrators of, &c., of the estate of O. Perry Jones, late of Philipsburg borough, deceased.

No. 24. The first and final account of Joseph A. Pletcher, administrator of, &c., of Anna J. Peters, late of Howard township, deceased.

A. G. ARCHEY,
Register.

REPAIRING old Wheels costs more than new ones when you can buy **4 Buggy Wheels** with Tire on and Boxes set for $7.25. I make all sizes and grades with Steel or Rubber Tire, ¾ to 4 in. Tread. Rubber Tire Buggies from $65 to $95. Call at factory or write for catalogue I manufacture and handle a full line of Carriage and Wagon Hardware. Also Bicycle goods, Nails, Plumber's supplies, Dynamite, etc. W. W. BOOB, Centre Hall, Pa.

Swartz's Weekly Reminder.

Do you know that we have in stock a lot of plain and barbed Fence Wire, Poultry Netting in all widths, Staples, &c., and will quote you right prices?

S. M. SWARTZ,

TUSSEYVILLE.

[Floor carpets at $1.35 per roll of 50 yds. should have read "FLOOR PAPER." The error was not Mr. Swartz's.—Ed.]

The Star!

GEO. O. BENNER, . . Prop.
ESTABLISHED 1889.

Your attention is respectfully invited to the following articles, which are new, fresh and up-to-date, and more than that—are low in price. We are so situated that we can sell you goods very low. Note prices on salt fish:

8 lb	pail	family white fish	55
10	"	"	65
15	"	"	80
30 lb.	kegs	"	1 40
40	"	"	1 75

Clothes basket, dirt cheap, 25 cts.
Glass wash board, 35 cts.
American washing machine, $3.50.
10 qt. tin buckets—full size, 25 cts.
Curry combs—good size, 5 cts.
Special drive on Cal. prunes, 6 lbs. for 25 cts.
Shredded cocoanut, the thing for cake, 15c a lb.
Full supply of the following:
Evap. peaches, pears, prunes, apricots, raisins, Pearl tapioca, macaroni, Shaker corn, pickles, cheese, rice, bananas, oranges, lemons, figs, dates, Junket tablets, butterfly syrup, fresh garden seeds, Sunlight and Fels Naptha soap, barb and smooth wire staples.

WANTED—Old Meat and Potatoes.

THE STAR.

DO YOU KNOW

That your dollars will go just one-fourth farther and will buy just one-fourth more goods with us than with any other clothing store in Centre county.

Do You Know....

That you can find the best clothes made in America with us? That we are showing a line of Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits such as you have never seen in Bellefonte or any other place in Central Penn'a. at the price we ask for them. We intend to sell more clothing this season than we have in any previous season. We believe that by making our prices lower, much lower, than all others, that we can do this very thing, and that is exactly what we have done. We have the

Best and Largest Stock of Clothing in the County

and we are pricing them to you so low that a look is all that is needed to convince you of the big saving that we offer you.

See them all--See Us

and buy where you think your dollars buy the most is all we ask.

M. FAUBLE & SON,

BELLEFONTE, PA.

N. B.—Don't forget our new department of Men's and Boys' Shoes. This is fast becoming the best shoe store in Bellefonte.